

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Vol. XIV, No. 110

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1937

(8 Pages) Price 3 Cents

NAVY MEN BLAME NAZI USE OF HYDROGEN IN HINDENBURG EXPLOSION

Used Cheap, Dangerous Gas, Instead of Safe Helium in Ship

By Art Shields
(Special to the Daily Worker)
LAKEHURST, N. J., May 7.—Senator Copeland's theory of sabotage finds no supporters among the naval enlisted men I talked to at the naval airfield here today, where the dirigible Hindenburg burned to a twisted skeleton.

The U. S. Navy men blamed the historic disaster on the use of hydrogen, and less than perfect direction of the ship.

Hydrogen is a cheap but dangerous inflammable substitute for non-burning helium. It is one of the many "ersatz" or substitute

Tomb of Thirty-Three Dead



All that remains of the giant airship Hindenburg is this mass of charred and twisted wreckage shown at Lakehurst, N. J. yesterday. The death toll in the blast yesterday reached 33. —Wide World Photo

Experts Contradict Nazi Gov't Theories On Zeppelin Crackup

Use of Inflammable Hydrogen to Make Airship More Profitable Was Behind Disaster—Danger Known to Aviation Men

By Harry Gannes

The Nazi incendiaries in Germany, the most expert manufacturers of holocausts, are trying desperately to shake off their responsibility for the Hindenburg zeppelin disaster, by insinuating "sabotage" and preparing to go even further in their lying against anti-fascists.

But they will not be able to escape this consequence of their hasty war preparations. The loss of the Hindenburg was due primarily to the Nazi speed to be ready to precipitate a new world slaughter and to grab profits at any cost in order to pay for their war preparations.

Just before the Hindenburg sailed, the Nazis were feverishly experimenting with hydrogen gas, mixing it with some secret chemical formula, to make it still lighter and more profitable. It is the propounded opinion of American naval experts that the hydrogen gas (inflammable) used because it is cheaper than helium non-inflammable, was the cause of the terrible explosion.

B. W. Courtney, a writer for Collier's Magazine, in an article describing one of his trips in the Hindenburg, said:

"THE GERMANS USED THE HYDROGEN GAS BECAUSE IT HAS GREATER LIFTING POWER THAN HELIUM AND MAKES THE HINDENBURG MORE PROFITABLE."

The Nazi greed for profit to accelerate their war machines is the chief criminal cause for the catastrophe. However, in Germany it will not do to let the people know the truth. Julius Streicher, the perverted Nazi anti-Semitic expert, will explain

Labor's Non-Partisan League has been carrying on a vigorous campaign on behalf of the Supreme Court reform bill. Berry owns a large farm in Tennessee.

(Continued from Page 4)

300 N. Y. Basques to Join Protest at Nazi Office

More than 300 Basque members of the Comité Pro-Euzkadi (the name of the Basque provinces) will demonstrate in native costume before the German Consulate, 17 Battery Pl. at 11 A. M. today as part of a mass protest against the ruthless bombing of the holy city of Guernica last week by Nazi aviators in Spain.

The Basque contingent will be part of a mass rally of anti-fascist of many groups, all united in horror against the razing of the Basque city, which was not a military objective. Scheduled to speak are the Rev. H. L. Reissig, executive secretary of the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy; Elea-

Jobless Ask Unions' Aid To Fight Cut To Join CIO

Urged to Participate in Demonstration on May 22

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 7.—The organized unemployed called on organized labor today to join them against the drive for "economy at the expense of the needy."

The emergency call went out in letters from President David Lasser of the Workers Alliance to all labor unions, both C.I.O. and A. F. of L., in which Lasser described the economy drive as an "attempt to flood the labor market and halt the rising tide of unemployment."

The unions were requested to participate in the May 22 demonstration being organized by the Alliance throughout the country in support of the Bolshak three-billion dollar works bill (H.R. 5822).

At the same time they were asked to bring immediate pressure on members of Congress in an effort to break up the bloc that is out to lop a million workers off the WPA roll by slicing the President's own economy budget still further.

Similar letters went out to various farm organizations like the National Farm Holiday Association and the Farmers' Union.

Today's move by the Alliance for a united front against relief cuts, followed these developments:

REFUSE TO HEAR MAYOR

1. The continued refusal of the House Appropriations Sub-Committee to permit Mayor LaGuardia to appear before it next Monday and present the proposal of the D. S. Conference of Mayors for a work program of \$2,200,000,000.

2. The failure of a single member of the Appropriations sub-committee, with the exception of Rep. Snyder of Penn., even to consider increasing the President's billion and a half dollar budget and an informal poll showing the committee members about evenly divided on cutting the President's budget down to a billion.

3. The lack of any drive on the part of administration leaders to uphold even the President's budget, although it would drop about 500,000 workers from the President's rolls, with the cause of the unemployed being advanced only by the Farmer-Laborites, Progressives and Liberals.

The sub-committee is scheduled to meet in executive session on Monday to begin action on the budget.

Chinese Protest Tokio Invasion In Demonstration

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
PEKING, May 7.—Anti-Japanese demonstrations and meetings marked the anniversary yesterday of the Japanese occupation of Shantung in 1928.

Schools, restaurants, and amusement houses were closed all day. Meetings were held in Peking universities.

Newspapers attacked Japanese aggression. The "Peking Sinbo" demanded establishment of a democratic government which will tirelessly resist all foreign aggression and rid the Northern and Eastern provinces (Manchuria) of the Japanese.

(Continued on Page 4)

A Question to Cleveland Communists

Strikes teach workers a lot of things, and not the least of the wisdom they learn concerns their friends—not just people, but the press.

You hear it all over. Cigar makers striking for something better than \$4 a week, steel workers, miners... saying no other paper carried decent news of us but THE DAILY WORKER.

This worker writes the Daily Worker that at the time of the G. M. strike in Cleveland it was possible to buy the paper at any time at the shop gates. Today, the strike over, he complains agents for the paper are never seen.

The Daily Worker asks: Is this also true in other cities. What are the Communists in Detroit, Philadelphia, Chicago, and other centers doing for the circulation drive?

During the General Motors auto strike, the Daily Worker was widely distributed to the strikers at the Cleveland Fisher Body plant. They were given to the sit-down strikers to read. After the strikers came out of the plant a bundle of "Dailies" was left at the strike headquarters every day, and every one grabbed for them as soon as they came in. The paper gained wide popularity among the workers because it was the only paper that carried accurate news about the strike. Quite a few strikers took advantage of the one month free trial subscription.

Now, after things have calmed down, and the workers are back in the factory the "Daily" has disappeared just as completely as it before was available. In order for a worker to now obtain the Daily Worker, he must either know what store in his neighborhood carries it or he must go downtown for it. No one ever sees a Daily Worker agent at the plant selling papers anymore as they did before the strike.

This is indeed a crime. Does he know that the workers have been asking for him? Does he know that if the Daily Worker had been there the day after the strike and had continued to be there day after day, that there would be a lot of readers who would be regular customers? I think that he should wake up and take all the opportunities that exist for getting a "Daily" into every hand.

A FISHER BODY WORKER

FRANCO'S SPIES AND TROTSKYISTS PLOTTED STRIFE IN BARCELONA

Nazi-Mussolini Plot Is Bared by Spain

Del Vayo Charges 'Big Scale Acts of War' Are Planned by Fascist Powers—Bilbao Will Not Fall, He Declares

(By United Press)
PARIS, May 7.—Spanish Foreign Minister Julio Alvarez del Vayo charged today that Hitler and Mussolini were preparing "big scale acts of war" against Spain.

He said he learned, in the course of an eight-day private visit to Paris during which he visited Premier Leon Blum, Foreign Minister Yvon Delbos, and other French Cabinet members, that the Fascist-Nazi invasion of Spain would be intensified soon.

In an exclusive interview Del Vayo said:

- 1.—Germany and Italy soon will renew their pressure on Spain, despite non-intervention agreements.
- 2.—Bilbao will not fall.
- 3.—The Loyalist political and military situation is becoming better every day.
- 4.—Destruction of Guernica by German airplanes has proved a boomerang in that it struck a tremendous moral blow at the fascist cause.

Italian Ship Driven From Spanish Craft

Planes Protect Loyalist Vessel Entering Tarragona

BARCELONA, May 7.—Loyalist planes tonight drove off an Italian "neutrality control" ship which had approached the Spanish vessel, Torres y Baged, inside the territorial waters of Tarragona south of here.

The Italian ship was attached to the Italian fleet assigned to patrol the Eastern Coast of Spain under "non-intervention" regulations. The Spanish vessel entered Tarragona harbor without incident.

According to the "neutrality committee" regulations, the patrol ships are required to remain 10 miles off the Spanish Coast.

Italian and Nazi ships have repeatedly violated this provision, not only acting as scouts for the fascist fleet, but assisting in bombardment of coast towns and using the ships to transport men, munitions and supplies to the fascists.

Italian troops have been repeatedly landed at Bermeo, 17 miles northeast of here, today, in preparation for renewal of the Nazi-fascist invaders' push on Bilbao.

The invading Italian troops are being commanded by Attilio Teruzzi, former head of Mussolini's Black Shirts militia. Teruzzi was recently sent to Spain by Mussolini.

At the same time, Basque Government defenses along the "Mugina" line were reinforced for what may be a crucial battle, expected to begin soon.

The fascists now face a natural barrier of mountain ranges in addition to the man-made fortifications in five lines of trenches that make a great circle around Bilbao, proud city of the Basques that has never been captured in centuries of warfare.

The fascists were drawing up Nazi artillery in positions indicating they planned an immediate bombardment of Bilbao harbor.

Some of the newly arrived Italian soldiers—dispatched while Mussolini and Hitler maintained the force of "non-intervention"—were rushed to lower Bermeo, where between 2,000 and 3,000 Italians of the "Black Arrow" division were cut off from their main army by the Basques.

Fascist bombing planes shelled Bilbao in 11 raids yesterday, starting fires which burned through the night.

Hoover-Underworld Link Hinted at Wendel Trial

NEWARK, May 7.—Al Capone, prohibition era gang chief, would have been pardoned by President Hoover in a "deal" negotiated by Ellis H. Parker, Sr. if the kidnapped Lindbergh baby was returned safely.

This astounding testimony was offered today by Paul H. Wendel, Trenton attorney, in the trial of Parker and his son, Ellis, Jr. The men are being tried on a charge of violation of the Lindbergh kidnapping law, through conspiracy to kidnap Wendel and torture him into a confession of the Lindbergh kidnapping.

The alleged confession of Wendel delayed execution of Bruno Hauptmann for three days. Under a "deal" examination by James Mercer Davis, counsel for the Parkers, Wendel was questioned concerning his previous testimony about a visit he made to a person

named "Calabrese," who was described as a "relative" to a secretary of Al Capone, with him were older Parker and Mrs. Anna Bading, Parker's secretary.

"Parker Senior and Calabrese made the deal," Wendel said. "What did the deal relate to?" Davis asked.

"If the baby was returned," Wendel replied, "Capone was to be pardoned after the re-election by Hoover through a 'contact' Parker had through a colonel in Washington."

Introduction of Hoover's name into the trial follows on the heels of Wendel's testimony earlier that Gov. Harold G. Hoffman of New Jersey had promised to have him committed temporarily to an insane asylum if he would confess the kidnapping of the Lindbergh baby.

Situation Under Control as Unions—People's Front Confer

By Robert Minor
(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

VALENCIA, Spain, May 7.—Some fascists who remained behind the Loyalist lines in Catalonia—because they were unable to reach fascist territory—succeeded in penetrating the ranks of the Anarchists.

There, for many months, they have been propagating an uprising against the Republic and against the Catalan Generalitat (Government).

The propaganda of these provocateurs called for subordinating the winning of the war to a supposed primary purpose of "revolution," which created confusion among some Anarchist workers.

Trotskyist leaders—Andres Nin, Juan Andrade and Julian Gorkin—although formally disavowing any connections with Trotsky, have made intensive efforts to win a following among the Anarchist workers by agitating against permitting the state apparatus to become strong. They made use of the slogan: "We may win the war and lose the Revolution."

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COLUMN LEFT!

RALLIES WILL
BARE HARVEY'S
FASCIST TIESBy
Harrison
GeorgeClergymen and Union-
ists Will Speak at Five
Queens Meetings

George U. Harvey, red-baiting Borough President of Queens, will be the subject of discussion at five meetings sponsored by Queens branches of the American League Against War and Fascism next week.

The five anti-fascist meetings aim to expose Harvey as the leader of a fascist movement in Queens. Among the speakers at the various meetings will be the Rev. Frederick Reustle of the Van Wyck Congregational Church in Jamaica; the Rev. David O. Kendall of the Union Theological Church in Corona; Paul Arnone, of the Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and vice chairman of the Queens County Division of the American Labor Party; and Charles Belous, attorney, civic worker, and member of the Queens A. L. P. executive committee.

Rabbi Max Meyer of the Flushing Free Synagogue; Henry Soffer, chairman of the Rockaway Branch of the A. L. P.; Frederick Phillips, secretary of the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Waterenders; Andor Braun, member of the Book and Magazine Guild; Helen Thompson of Sag-An-Ballach, a progressive Irish newspaper; Rabbi E. Caplan of Temple Beth-el of Astoria; Larry Murphy of Sag-An-Ballach; and Milton Davidson, attorney and executive member of the Queens A. L. P., will also speak.

Wednesday night, May 12 at 8:30, three meetings will be held. The Astoria meeting will take place at Bohemian Hall, 2919 24th Ave., sponsored by the Astoria branch of the American League.

In Sunnyside at the Neighborhood Center, 4910 43rd Ave., the meeting will be sponsored by the Sunnyside and Jackson Heights branches.

The Jamaica Town Hall meeting will be held under the auspices of the Jamaica and Richmond Hill branches.

Thursday night, May 13 at 8:30, the Ridgewood branch will hold a meeting at the Queens Labor Lyceum, 6679 Forest Ave.

On Monday, May 17 at 8:30 P. M. the Rockaway and Neponsit branches will hold their meeting at Berghs Hall, 814 St. and Rockaway Beach Boulevard.

ILL.D. Begins Drive To Send Medical Supplies to Spain

A drive for funds to stock with medical supplies an ambulance which the International Labor Defense will send to Spain on May 19 was announced today by Rose Baron, relief director of the organization.

The ambulance, the second to be sent by the organization, will be sent with a representative of the I.L.D., who will discuss with the Spanish Red Cross the organization of the I.L.D. in Spain, plans for furthering the campaign in the United States for medical assistance.

Funds to complete payment for the ambulance, received by the I.L.D., were announced as follows: Westminster (Mass.) Farmer's Association; Lithuanian Daily Newspaper Vilnius, \$102; Paving Cutters Union Branch 9, \$32.10; Rank and File Union Club of the Painters' Local No. 89, \$14; Illinois State I.L.D., \$300; Eastern New England I.L.D., \$31.45; Northern California I.L.D., \$15; Southern California I.L.D., \$50; New York State I.L.D., \$129.23.

Japan War Ministry
Orders New Military
Discipline in Plants

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
TOKYO, May 7.—The Japanese War Ministry has decreed military discipline in factories under its control, effective June 1.

Using the recent insignificant 8 per cent wage increase in the war office as a pretext, the war office has ordered a whole new set of factory regulations, including a nine-hour day for adults and an eight-hour day for juveniles.

Transformation of factory discipline into military discipline and establishment of grades among the workers are other features of the new regulations.

Notice for C. K.
YOUR good letter of comment about a subject of a recent column has been received. And you are quite correct in bringing up the phase you did, and in what you say of it. I had to omit that phase as extraneous. But I fully understand your attitude.

With one exception I agree with everything you say. That is, to take a "defeatist" attitude is a mistake in your situation. There are plenty of precedents to prove that. And remember, comrade, that nothing is impossible for Bolsheviks! For that reason, Comrade C. K., I ask you either to come to my office, or to let me know how I may reach you otherwise. Saluti!

Italian Catholics Behind Battle
Of Spanish People, Says Antonini

(Special to the Daily Worker)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 7.—The high point thus far in the current convention of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, being held at Atlantic City, was the demonstration accorded Spanish Ambassador Fernando de los Rios on Thursday.

At that time, First Vice-President Luigi Antonini made a moving pledge to solidarity with the Spanish democracy, in the name of the Italian members of the union. This splendid address is now printed in full by the Daily Worker.

Text of speech by Luigi Antonini:

It is a privilege for me at this time to rise in order to make a motion, but before I do that I want to say only a few words. The Italians are of the same race, the Latin race, as the Spanish people. I claim that the biggest present that we could give the international in this state of affairs was this big army of 40,000 Italian workers in Local 89 and also the Italian workers in other locals. Most of them were not misled by the propaganda about Catholic persecution in Spain.

ITALIAN AND CATHOLIC
We are Italian and we are also Catholic. You can



LUIGI ANTONINI

Ask Roosevelt
For U.S. Refuge
For Basques19 Social Workers Tell
President to Waive
Immigrant Laws

A waiver of current immigration regulations to permit the entry into this country of refugees from the Basque Catholic Republic, now being evacuated from Bilbao through the cooperation of Great Britain and France, was requested of President Roosevelt yesterday by 19 leading American social workers.

The request was made in a telegram sent by the Social Workers Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy and signed by Harold H. Lund, national president.

The telegram expressed concern "for the safety of 300,000 non-combatants threatened with destruction in Bilbao" and requested a presidential order suspending immigration regulations on humanitarian grounds.

Co-signatories with Mr. Lund were: Henschel Alt, Mary E. Boretz, Mary A. Cannon, Saul Carson, Jacob Fisher, president of the Social Service Employees Union; Sheldon Glueck, Harry L. Gluckman, Ben Goldman, managing editor of Social Work Today; A. Gordon Hamilton, Helen M. Harris, Dr. Edward G. Lindeman, Harry L. Lurie, Wilson D. McKerron, Walter W. Pettit, Joseph J. Schwartz, Ethel C. Taylor, Florence Taylor, Graham R. Taylor and Walter West.

Queens Parents
To Protest on
Overcrowding

Sunnyside parents will rally against overcrowded conditions in Public School 150, Foster Ave., and 40th St., Queens, at a mass meeting at the school's auditorium, next Tuesday evening, May 11.

Scheduled speakers are Father Patrick J. Mantion, of St. Theresa R. C. Church; the Rev. Stanley Verhey of the Community Church; Rabbi Samson A. Shain, Sunnyside Jewish Center; and Mrs. Johanna M. Lindoff, Queens member of the Board of Education. The meeting is under the auspices of the Parents Association of P. S. 150.

Worker Delegates
See Moscow-Volga
Canal Operated

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, May 7.—Delegations of workers from other lands yesterday visited the Moscow-Volga Canal.

They saw the seventh and eighth locks, put into operation especially for them. The segmentary gates were let down and the lock chamber filled with water.

Aboard the cutter "Kamanin" the delegates travelled over the Khimki reservoir.

The delegates were greatly impressed by the canal and its technical equipment.

Another suggestion was that light industry, introduce new dyes and new machinery for stamping colors on fabrics and other materials.

One engineer criticized the deficiency of building material production, pointing out that while industrial construction is increasing, the output of materials lags.

The discussions, which have begun in all the newspapers, and special meetings, are embracing ever wider circles of the Soviet people.

They have as their aim the making of such an important state program as the third Five-Year Plan a matter of concern of all the working people in the country.

Workers Greet
Basque ChildrenRefugees Sing Catholic Church Songs in Answer
to Chorus of Internationale from Workmen—
Bakers, Farmers, Fishermen Donate Food

LA PALICE, France, May 7 (UP).—Basque children from war-torn Bilbao, homesick, frightened and hungry, landed today from the liner Habana to seek new homes and friends in France.

They were brought ashore in lighters, some crying. Their eyes widened when from the throats of hundreds of workmen, gathered at the quays to meet them, came the strains of the "Internationale."

Within a few moments, there came from the children in response to the Communist song the clear notes of the Roman Catholics hymns they had learned in church. A few of the older ones sang the Internationale themselves, and some of the others raised their arms in the clenched fist salute as they sang.

WORKERS DONATE FOOD
As they landed the children were taken to breakfast. Bakers of the region had worked all night to provide a ton of bread for them as a present. The fishermen gave their whole day's catch. Farmers gave beef.

In batches of 500, the children gorged themselves. They had been hungry for weeks in blockaded Bilbao and it was astonishing to see them eat more than grown persons could have.

There were 2,373 children aboard, ranging from 3 to 15 years, and 110 aged women.

Some of the refugees were so weak they were carried ashore. As pathetic as the children were some two score persons of between 70 and 80 years. They had lost everything they had in the Nazi bombardments.

Machinists Union Signs Pact With 50 Concerns
WASHINGTON (EP).—Over 50 agreements, covering machine shops and business enterprises all over the country, have been signed during the month of April by the International Association of Machinists, according to its monthly journal. Most of the agreements provide for pay increases.

Daily Worker Makes
A Dream Come True

A scientific dream-interpretation was made in a hurry by a reader of the Daily Worker who writes us the following:

"A serious problem has arisen. 'Usually we are not given to such things but last night we had a dream—a beautiful dream—that calls for an honest interpreter, one with a fine head and a sense of responsibility.'

"We dreamed that we were awarded by the Daily and Sunday Worker Prize for securing the most subscriptions in the circulation drive. Sounds fantastic doesn't it—read further."

"We dreamed we called one fine morning on the steamship 'Industrial Organization' bound for Moscow—bound for the 20th Anniversary Celebration of the October Revolution scheduled for Nov. 7."

HEADED OUT TO SEA
"We steamed out of the harbor, passed the Statue of Liberty (didn't even look at her and vice versa) headed for the open sea."

"And for a week we had the best time of our life."

"All the comforts of civilization. Our first time on board a big ship. John L. Lewis was the skipper."

"We wondered how we got there."

"Why we of all those industrial fellows who had entered the contest, were selected for this trip of trips for which they would have given their right arms and left legs, if necessary."

"What did we do that was so

well imagine that if this propaganda had been at all effective within our organization we would not have such a strong union.

In the last seven or eight months everything possible has been done in order to confuse the minds of the Italians belonging to our union. The target of this propaganda was President Dubinsky. You know what Father Coughlin tried to do to him during the campaign. You know what Hearst attempted. Yet our organization was solidly behind every move that the international made. (Applause.)

We have never forgotten our duty of solidarity. That is why I now have the privilege to propose the sympathies of this convention to the loyal people in Spain who are fighting against dictatorship, who are fighting against fascist forces, who are fighting for liberty and democracy.

HAILS GARIBALDI BRIGADE

His Excellency, the Ambassador of Spain, told you many thousands of Italian boys were fighting in Spain—fighting on the side of the Franco rebels. Still for the real representation of our country, we give you the Garibaldi Brigade.

We Italians had the first experiment with this new conception of government. In the name of Matteotti and the rest, remember it was Italy first. Then Germany and Austria came under the heel of despotism. It is our hope that the loyal people of Spain will be the death instrument for fascism, the death of barbarism, and the birth of liberty. (Applause.)

Prestes Fate
Deliberated By
Mock TribunalDictator Vargas' Court
Tries Heroic Leader
and 34 Others

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, May 7.—Five judges of Dictator Getulio Vargas' "security tribunal" today secretly deliberated the fate of Luis Carlos Prestes, Brazilian people's leader, and 34 other persons jailed for opposition to the bloody military regime.

Police armed with sub-machine guns and tear gas guarded the court room.

In addition to Prestes, head of the National Liberation Alliance, other well known defendants include Arthur Ewart, former member of the German Reichstag, and Pedro Ernesto Baptista, ex-mayor of Rio de Janeiro.

The "trial" was a mere mockery of justice, consisting only of reading of charges. The defendants were not present in the courtroom. Only congressmen, reporters, and court-appointed attorneys were permitted in court. All were searched for arms before being allowed to enter.

Deportation of Refugee From Nazi Terror Is Upheld By Court
The deportation of Johannes Wiegand, anti-Nazi refugee imprisoned at Ellis Island, was upheld by the United States District Court, which has dismissed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus obtained by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born in its attempt to prevent Wiegand's deportation and secure asylum for him in this country.

Wiegand, 32, fled Germany in 1936 and entered the United States as a seaman, jumping ship in September, 1937, and charged with being in the country "illegally."

Wiegand's case was argued before Federal Judge Lester Patterson by Vito Marcantonio, New York attorney retained by the American Committee.

A new trial was asked on the ground that the principal witnesses in Luciano's first trial, Pio Brown, Nancy Presser and Mildred Harris, had recanted their testimony.

Judge McCook held their first testimony was substantially true and that their recanted statements were prompted by fear and financial pressure. He said they were "poisonously false."

Signs Gas Tax Bill
ALBANY, May 7 (UP).—Gov. Lehman signed the Buckley bill today imposing a state-wide two per cent tax on the gross receipts of all utilities except railroads to produce \$24,000,000 for unemployment relief.

Alliance Fete Tonight
Local 46 of the Workers Alliance will celebrate tonight with a grand opening its new headquarters, at 130 W. 143rd St. Its program of entertainment includes songs and dances by the Oracelle Group.

HERE'S HOW
"What we want to know is this: Question: How many subs must we get to win this trip to the Soviet Union?"

Answer: The prize will be awarded to the individual who turns in the greatest number of subs over 100 to the Daily and Sunday Worker before the end of the drive, July 4.

(Those wishing to enter the drive for the free trip are required to register their intention with the national office of the Daily Worker.)

Question: How will the subs be counted?

Answer: A yearly subscription to the Daily Worker shall count 3 points and a yearly subscription to the Sunday Worker, 1 point. In addition there are prizes including sets of Lenin's works in eight volumes and copies of Michael Gold's famous book "Change the World."

For further information, write to the Daily Worker, 30 East 13th St., New York.

Mothers' Peace Day
Luncheon in Harlem

Dorothy McConnell, Eudora Paris, Loh Tsei and
Wife of Selassie's Envoy Are Listed
As Speakers

(Daily Worker Harlem Bureau)
Observance of Mothers' Day in Harlem will be featured by a "Mothers' Day Peace Luncheon" to be held in the Little Theatre of the Harlem Y.M.C.A., 180 W. 135th St., this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

The luncheon, which will be held under the auspices of the Harlem Women's Peace Committee, an anti-fascist group of the community's women leaders, will be addressed by several prominent speakers.

Helen Holman, secretary of the Peace Committee and well-known Negro political and civic leader, said yesterday that the luncheon is intended to "stimulate the Harlem movement for the independence of Ethiopia." The committee will revive the slogan "Women of the world unite for peace—our civilization is lost," she stated.

SPEAKERS' LIST
Among those scheduled to speak at the luncheon are: Dorothy McConnell, delegate to the Peace conferences in South America and Mexico; Eudora Paris, Negro teacher who recently returned from Ethiopia; Loh Tsei, Chinese "Joan of Arc" and an outstanding figure in the progressive youth movement of China; and Mrs. Malaku E. Bayen, wife of the official emissary of Emperor Haile Selassie I, now in America.

Mrs. Bayen returned yesterday from Washington, D. C., where her husband addressed the annual conference of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, held April 30 to May 3. Miss McConnell just completed a national tour in which she surveyed the growth of fascism in America and its effect upon Negroes.

The group of sponsors of the dinner includes: Vivienne France of the United Aid for People of African Descent; Lillian Gashin, of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union; Mrs. J. J. Jones; Marvel Cooke, of the Amsterdam News unit of the New York Newspaper Guild; Naomi Davis, manager of the Harlem People's Bookshop; Mrs. A. Clayton Powell, Jr.; Mrs. Gertrude T. Savory, and others.

Reservations to the dinner can be made through Miss Holman, at 365 W. 118th St. The subscription is 90 cents.

Model Railroad
Built by Moscow
Kids Is Opened

100 Children Take First
Ride in Three-Car
Train on Line

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, May 7.—Just five minutes before two o'clock this afternoon, a locomotive driver in his early teens opened the new model children's railway near the Odikh Station by driving the first three-car train around the 2.3 mile line.

Thousands of children from Moscow and the suburbs gathered to see the festive opening of the railway, which was built completely by young Soviet children combining their play with constructive technical education.

The first passenger-load of 100, who crammed into the three cars pulled by a sturdy little engine, was composed of young locomotive drivers, their assistants, station-masters, and signalmen who studied railroad engineering in study groups and then passed an examination in the subject.

Songs and music from the youngsters accompanied the chugging of the train on its ten-minute trip.

The building of the railroad was carried through by 1,680 children. Of this group, 213 railway engineers, 67 locomotive drivers and drivers' assistants, 47 track inspectors, 16 station-masters and 13 repair workers for the electrically equipped cars passed examinations with the mark "excellent."

Work is now being finished on plans for the first two stations on the children's railway.

Vice King Loses Appeal for New Trial in Case
Supreme Court Justice Phillip J. McCook yesterday denied a motion for a new trial for Charles (Lucky) Luciano and four others on vice charges.

Luciano, former New York vice leader, was convicted last year and sentenced to a prison term of 30 to 50 years.

A new trial was asked on the ground that the principal witnesses in Luciano's first trial, Pio Brown, Nancy Presser and Mildred Harris, had recanted their testimony.

Judge McCook held their first testimony was substantially true and that their recanted statements were prompted by fear and financial pressure. He said they were "poisonously false."

Signs Gas Tax Bill
ALBANY, May 7 (UP).—Gov. Lehman signed the Buckley bill today imposing a state-wide two per cent tax on the gross receipts of all utilities except railroads to produce \$24,000,000 for unemployment relief.

Alliance Fete Tonight
Local 46 of the Workers Alliance will celebrate tonight with a grand opening its new headquarters, at 130 W. 143rd St. Its program of entertainment includes songs and dances by the Oracelle Group.

200,000 Soviet Students Will Enjoy Rest Homes
(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, May 7.—Nearly 200,000 Soviet Union university students will this year get the benefits of rest homes, health resorts and sanatoria, which only the rich in capitalist countries can enjoy.

Funds to provide places for the students in these institutions have been appropriated for 1937 by the U.S.S.R. Health Commissariat, national republics, and trade unions. A total of 32,500,000 rubles (about \$6,500,000) has been set aside for this purpose.

The Health Commissariat allocated 9,000,000 rubles for treatment of students at sanatoria and health resorts, and 1,500,000 rubles for repairs and equipment at students' rest homes.

The various national republics will spend 5,000,000 rubles for similar purposes and the trade unions have set aside, from their social insurance funds, 14,000,000 rubles, which will provide university students with 30,000 places in rest homes, 5,000 in sanatoria, and 2,000 in health resorts.

The picket line is still solid and the workers express contempt for the strikebreaking tactics of the A. F. of L. "organizers."

The picket line is still solid and the workers express contempt for the strikebreaking tactics of the A. F. of L. "organizers."

Will Cite Firth Carpet Co. Before Natl. Labor Board

1,200 Strikers Hold Ranks Solid Under the Leadership of Textile Organizing Committee —Bare Company Plot for Violence

By David Jenkins
(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 7.—Striking workers of the Firth Carpet Co. plant at Firth, N. Y., caught the company in a plot to incite violence for a frame-up yesterday and planned to bring additional charges against it before the Regional Labor Relations Board. The company arranged for an airplane to fly over the city from which were showered yellow leaflets announcing that a \$1,000 reward will be paid to anyone who reports to the management of assaults upon its "employees" on the picket line. The flying of the airplane was timed with an attempt by one named Hilton, foreman of the maintenance department to provoke a fight with strikers on the picket line yesterday.

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QUALITY RESTAURANT

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Choice of Soup or Appetizer

Choice of Roast with Potatoes

Fresh Vegetables—Coffee, Tea or Milk—Dessert

LUNCHEON No. 2

Choice of Roast

Potatoes, Garden Fresh

Vegetables—Coffee, Tea or Milk—Dessert

LUNCHEON No. 3

Choice of any 15c Sandwich

with all trimmings

Colelaw or Pickles—Coffee, Tea or Milk—Dessert

Choice of any 15c Sandwich

with all trimmings

Colelaw or Pickles—Coffee, Tea or Milk—Dessert

Evening Special—6 Course Dinner 55c

Served from 5 P.M. to 9 P.M.

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164 W. 48th St. near Broadway

LUNCH 40c—DINNER 65c up

Songs by ELI SHIVAR and His Guitar

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Appetizer, Soup, Meat or Fish, 35c

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Comradely Try Real Chinese Food!

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JOHN'S RESTAURANT

145 E. 12th St.

ITALIAN DINNER 65c—\$1.00

Also a la carte. Private rooms for parties

They Saw the Harlan Miners Attacked



Fearless Markham Clouse 12, and John Clouse, 13 told the LaFollette Committee hearing on the Harlan investigation that they saw the attack by the deputies when Organizer Ferguson was killed. Their mother testified she had received warnings not to let the boys tell their story to the Senate Committee. Since the hearings on Harlan closed, Sen. R. M. LaFollette has promised Federal protection for witnesses.

Textile Bill Hearings Open Next Monday

Ellenbogen Condemns the Southern Mill Owners, Drive on Measure

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 7.—The House labor sub-committee will begin hearings on the Ellenbogen textile bill Monday as Southern mill owners began a move for inclusion of differential provisions to enable them to pay below the \$12 a week minimum that the bill provides.

As the committee will begin taking testimony, the powerful International Ladies Garment Workers Union in convention at Atlantic City, was expected to pass the resolution before it, for endorsement of the bill. The textile unions and labor generally declared support for the bill.

TERMS OF BILL

The bill provides for a flat minimum wage of \$12 a week for unskilled workers in the textile industry with authority by a special government commission of five to fix minimums for the skilled crafts; a ban on child labor; establishment of a 35-hour week; and authority to the commission to abolish the third shift in textile plants where it is regarded as a necessary step to reduce unemployment.

There are also fair trade practices provisions which, however, appear doomed because of strong opposition and an apparent agreement by Representative Ellenbogen of Pennsylvania to drop them.

SPONSOR HITS CUTS

In addition to the demand of Southern manufacturers for a lower minimum there was also a movement on the part of the mill owners against limitation of shifts on the claim that it will place an added burden upon them.

Concerning the demand for a differential, Rep. Ellenbogen said that he would oppose vigorously any attempt to lower the minimum for any part of the country.

"There is no justification for a differential," he said. "Sober reflection should show that a flat wage rate would save the South. If the South ever wants to develop it will have to raise its labor standards."

Concerning the \$12 rate generally, he said: "I will fight for retention of the \$12 minimum. Certainly it does not seem that such a wage is excessive in this country."

Charges Against Chicago Luggage Strikers Reduced

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., May 7.—Two striking luggage workers had felony charges against them reduced to misdemeanors when they appeared in court for "trespassing" and "intimidating" a boss, and three were released after five hours questioning. The workers were charged with intimidating Murray Varat, a shoeing luggage manufacturer at 117 W. Harrison Street, Monday.

They were part of a group of strikers who went into the shop and persuaded workers there to join the general strike.

On Varat's cry of "intimidation" and "kidnaping" police raided the luggage workers' hall with machine guns, clubs.

Meanwhile, the Varat workers joined the union, and signed affidavits that they were not "kidnaped" or intimidated.

Maine National Guard Placed at Shoe Plants

Mayor of Carolina Town Leads Vigilantes in Attack on CIO Organizers—A.F.L. Offers Progressive Miners Charter

AUBURN, Me., May 7.—With Powers Hagwood, secretary of the CIO in New England and six leaders of the shoe strikers in jail, sentenced to six months more, National Guard patrolmen were placed at the plants for renewed efforts to break the 43-day strike. To add fuel to strike-breaking atmosphere that the shoe manufacturers have whipped up, deputies have been placed at the home of Supreme Court Justice Harry Manser, who sentenced the strike leaders, Hagwood and the six defendants' ruling declaring the strike of 5,000 shoe workers illegal.

Meanwhile at Augusta attorneys for the C.I.O. filed charges against several of the shoe firms for violation of the Wagner Labor Relations Act. A hearing was set for May 17.

STRIKE HALTS MIDWEST TRUCKING LINE

OMAHA, Neb., May 7.—The trucking lines of the Watson Brothers Transportation Co. were halted today when 500 of its employees in five cities came out on strike for wage increases and recognition of International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

GENERAL MOTORS SITDOWN IN THIRD DAY

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 7.—The sitdown at the General Motor plants here affecting 4,000 workers entered the third day as representatives of the United Automobile Workers and the management continued to negotiate. All strikers, except approximately 250 who remained to hold the plant, were sent home by the union.

GREEN MOVES TO WIDEN SPLIT AMONG MINERS

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 7.—The Progressive Miners Union, an independent organization in Southern Illinois fields that had been out of the United Mine Workers for the past five years, was offered a charter by William Green of the A. F. of L. Joe Oszano, president of the organization announced.

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VILLAGE. Two-room furnished apartment. Spacious, charming, reasonable. Girl. Walker 9-7235. bet. 5-7 all week.
12TH, 419 E. (2nd floor rear). Female to share three-room furnished apartment with female. Steam and kitchen. \$12 per month. Call Saturday, Sunday bet. 5-8 P.M. Bronx.
13TH, 328 E. (Appt. 17). Three-room apartment to share. Very reasonable. Call Saturday, Sunday.
21ST, 223 E. Share apartment, couple, two girls, reasonable. Netaky.
(Bronx)
DAWSON ST. 821 (Appt. 5-N). Business woman will share modern, sunny, airy apartment, two blocks Intervale Station. Couple or girl; unusual bargain. Call Saturday, Sunday.
(Brooklyn)
PRESIDENT ST. 1000 (Appt. C-23). Young woman, share apartment. Must have furniture. Brooklyn.
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10TH, 189 W. (Appt. 1-A). Village. Three rooms, modern, furnished, unfurnished.
13TH, 245 E. (Appt. 24). Couple, sublet furnished apartment. Five minutes subway. Reasonable. Call Saturday afternoon; 7-9 P.M. all week. D'Art.
LOST AND FOUND
LOST: Please inform as to whereabouts of calico bag with children's clothes left in loud speaker car May Day. Urgent. AP. 1-6987.
ROOMS FOR RENT
(Manhattan)
VILLAGE. 312 Bleeker St. (cor. Grove). Newly furnished room, facing garden; very desirable. Berish.
2ND AVE. 123. Front bedroom, modern, separate entrance. M. Gold.
2ND AVE. 183 (Appt. 18). Furnished room for 1-2. Kitchen privileges. Tompkins Square 6-6328. Inquire all week.
13TH, 240 E. (Appt. 13). Room for rent. Call Saturday, Sunday and all week.
13TH, 327 E. Desirable modern room. Suburban.
16TH, 183 E. Large, cool, furnished studio bedroom, kitchen, shower, elevator, suitable 1-2; 36-47. Q.B.A. 9-2477. Mrs. Scott.

YOUNGSTOWN STEEL UNION SET TO STRIKE

Written Agreement Is Demanded as 1,500 Vote Action

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 7.—Youngstown's 1,500 members of the Youngstown Sheet Tube packed Central Auditorium last night to serve notice on the corporation that they are ready to strike unless a written agreement is reached with the S. W. O. C.

In fighting spirit and shouting approval to report their negotiations the committee voted unanimously to "authorize officers of our lodge and S.W.O.C. to use our economic strength in obtaining our constitutional rights as free American citizens."

To back this up they organized a committee of 500 to prepare the workers for action.

It was decided that as a sign of strength all workers were to wear union buttons in the mills. Enthusiasm at the meeting was high as men cheered their leaders as a sign of support to gain recognition of the organization. The resolution placed "responsibility for the crisis entirely upon the shoulders of the company." All preparations are being made by the union for a showdown.

Teamsters in Chicago Get Injunction

I. B. T. Barred From Signing Members of Other Group

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., May 7.—An injunction was issued here today, forbidding delegates of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters from signing into their union members of the Chicago Teamsters Union, long a rival to the A. F. of L. organization.

The reason for the injunction was that I. B. T. officials, accompanied by police from State's Attorney Courtney's office, were going into CTU-controlled garages and forcing the teamsters to join the I. B. T. Eight officials of the CTU, called "outlaw" by State's Attorney Courtney, were arrested Wednesday, and kept in jail while the I. B. T. raids went on.

Courtney has long been "dictator" of the I. B. T. and its contracts are commonly said to be written in his office. His chief policeman, Capt. Dan Gilbert, was formerly an official of the CTU, and left that for his present job. A close relative of Courtney runs the I. B. T. here, and Courtney was a speaker at a recent banquet where Goudy, head of the Teamsters council here, was honored.

The murder of Mike Galvin, head of the CTU, five months ago, is still a "mystery" officially. Courtney's charge of "racketeering" against the CTU, his excuse for smashing it up by force, brings only a smile to local faces.

The Mouthpiece For Tyrants In New Role

Hughes, Hired Man of the Trusts, Had a Long Career in Their Pay—Morgan, Schwab, Carnegie, Rockefeller His Backers

The Chief Justice of the Nine Old Men, Charles Evans Hughes, who yesterday tried to pose as an opponent of tyranny in his defense of the Supreme Court has had a long career in the service of the country's most tyrannical and ruthless monopolies. Among his clients who paid him enormous fees for his services are listed: Standard Oil, General Electric, the I.R.T. stockholders fighting for the 7-cent fare, Swift and Co., Anaconda Copper Co., Wabash Railroad, U. S. Industrial Chemical, and many others.

When he ran for Governor of New York, among his campaign contributors were, J. P. Morgan and Co., \$20,000; Andrew Carnegie, \$5,000; John D. Rockefeller, Jr., \$5,000, and Charles Schwab, \$2,000.

He was Secretary of State in the notorious "Ohio Gang" cabinet of Pres. Harding which included such infamous crooks as Attorney General Daugherty, Edwin Denby, Albert H. Fall. Hughes could not help but know what was going on among the Cabinet grafters who created the Teapot Dome scandal, but he never said he opened his mouth before or after the exposure.

He was denounced by Senator Norris of Nebraska, when his appointment as Chief Justice was being debated, as follows: "No man in public life so exemplifies the influence of powerful combinations in the political and financial world as does Mr. Hughes. During the past

five years, he has appeared in 54 cases before the Supreme Court. Almost invariably he has represented the corporations of almost untold wealth. He looks through glasses contaminated by the influence monopolies."

Accuse Mellon Of 'Monopolizing' Litigation, Too

PITTSBURGH, May 7 (UP).—

Fighting for the right to prosecute its anti-trust suit against the Aluminum Co. of America in New York State, the government charged today that the company, "not satisfied with a monopoly of aluminum," is seeking a "monopoly of litigation."

Assistant Attorney General Robert H. Jackson asked Federal Judge R. M. Gibson to vacate a restraining order which prevents the Department of Justice from proceeding with its suit against the big company, in which the Mellon family of Pittsburgh is heavily interested.

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By Two Famous Scientific Methods
NO PAIN NO DANGER
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30 YEARS SUCCESSFUL PRACTICE
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180 West 10th Street
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Daily from 9:30 A.M. to 9 P.M.
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RUSSIAN ART SHOP, Inc.
OUR ONLY STORE: 9 West 42nd St.
Large Selection of
FRENCH HANDICRAFTS FROM THE SOVIET UNION
Shawls, Shawls, Moscow
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10% OFF WITH THIS AD

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LERMAN BROS., Inc.
STATIONERS & PRINTERS
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Special Prices to Organizations!
All our CLERKS belong to I.C.I.F.A.
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WIDOFF'S PHARMACY
EXPERT AND RELIABLE
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SPECIAL - 5% DISCOUNT DURING MAY
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BLUMBERG & BLOCK, 100 Canal St. Smart clothes for Dad & Son. Specializing in clothes for the Ward to Fit in.

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DR. I. F. BELKIN, 1108 Second Ave., bet. 88th-89th Sts. Y.O. 5-2298. 9 to 8 daily.

DR. C. WEISMAN, Surgeon-Dentist, 1 Union Square W., Suite 111. GR. 7-4294.

DR. J. W. SPIRO, 373 5th Ave., cor. 35th St. Lexington 2-9445. Hours 9-8.

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New York's Largest Living Room Sales 229
Modern, Maple-Dining-Rooms
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Oculists and Opticians

COOPERATIVE OPTICIANS, Union Shop, 1 Unit, 89 W. (cor. 14th St.). Room 804. GR. 7-3347.

Optometrist

H. GOTTLIEB, Eyes examined, glasses fitted, 212 E. 14th St., 2d floor. GR. 7-3347.

DR. JOSEPH C. STRAUSS, Surgeon-Dentist, 3193 Nochenbau Ave. Olinville 2-3734.

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ASSOCIATED Colored Orchestras (Union Bands), 104 W. 142nd St. ED. 4-5394.

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SAUL'S, 31 Graham Ave., cor. Cook St. Juvenile Furn. B'klyn. Stocking. Open evenings.

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DR. S. J. MYERS, Surgeon-Dentist, Bore Park, 4319 13th Ave., cor. 44th St. WI. 6-1774.

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SIMFELD'S, Exclusive men's wear. Women's Madras shirts \$1.25. Rutland Rd. cor. Rockaway Pkwy.

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Marxist-Leninist Classics
Coupon No. 53

Victim of Hindenburg Blast



His clothes burned and blasted from his body, this passenger from the Hindenburg is led away from the wreckage of the giant liner.

March of Youth Under Banner of I. L. G. W. U. Told Convention In Reports on Cotton Industry

By Louis F. Budenz

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 7.—Youth took the center of the stage at today's session of this convention of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, when the young delegates of the new cotton garment local marched upon the platform, singing vigorously and carrying the banners of their respective locals.

Youth continued to hold the center of the stage, when the young girls from Texas, Tennessee and neighboring states brought the picturesque view of their strike struggle to the convention in their own march in the name of the Southwest department of the union.

These were demonstrations of the loyalty of these unions to the cause of organized labor. "Hold the fort" rang out with all the vim with which it is sung on the picket lines.

There were also, at the same time, demonstrations of the progress achieved by the I. L. G. W. U. in the organization of the unorganized.

COTTON GARMENT REPORT

A vivid picture of what this organizational progress means in the cotton garment industry was presented to the convention in an attractive four-page report, made in the form of graphs, by the cotton dress department of the International Union.

It was in connection with the presentation of this report by Elias Reissberg, director of this department, that the demonstration of the young men and women took place.

The cotton dress department is only 18 months old, Reissberg pointed out. In that time the membership of the union in that industry has increased from 2,500 on Sept. 15, 1935, to 13,000 on April 15, 1937, when the printed report was made up.

"We promised," Reissberg stated amid applause, "that we would have 15,000 members in the cotton and

dress and miscellaneous trades by the time of this convention. We are happy to tell you now that we have more than 15,000 members in these trades under the banners of the I. L. G. W. U."

28 LOCALS CHARTERED

In the 18 months of activity, 28 local unions have been chartered in this hitherto grossly exploited branch of the ladies' garment industry. The banners of the 28 locals studied the stage, as Reissberg proceeded with his report.

To win these gains, 78 strikes had been called and 78 had been won, the report continued. There were 44 successful settlements without strikes.

What this brought to the workers was graphically portrayed in two large reproductions of sheets from payrolls of a cotton dress factory. Three workers—F. Martin, F. Cerrone and H. Granda—had received respectively: Before unionization, \$6.83 for a 46-hour week; \$8 for 40 hours, and \$7.74 for 45 hours. After unionization, for the same workers their respective pay ran: \$13 for 40 hours, \$14 for 40 hours, and \$14 for 40 hours.

As the report stressed, there is still much more work to be done in this field. "There are still over 34,000 unorganized workers in the territory of this department, which comprises up-state New York, Massachusetts except the Boston Joint Board, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania excluding Philadelphia, Delaware and Central New Jersey," Reissberg pointed out.

PLEDGE MORE ACTIVITY

"The entire staff of the department pledges unceasing activity until every worker in the territory has enlisted for a better life under the banner of the I. L. G. W. U.," he pledged for the new locals and the organizing staff.

Topping off this demonstration, the department then presented to President Dubinsky a beautifully arranged and enlarged seal of the

International Union, mounted on a large block of anthracite coal, symbolic of the region where cotton dresses are largely made.

"This has been made out of black diamonds," Reissberg said, "and we are proud that the artist who arranged it is an anthracite miner and a member of the Negro race."

Strikes, picket lines, and sit-downs—in Dallas, Kansas City and other centers—were reviewed by Meyer Pearlstein, director of the southwest department, in introducing the scores of pretty girl delegates from that section.

MEMBERSHIP GAINS

Pearlstein also reported achievements out of these struggles. In St. Louis, the union has grown from 1,200 members two years ago to 3,000 members in 1937. In Minneapolis, Houston, Texas, and Memphis, Tenn., the entire industry is organized under closed shop contracts. The membership has risen in the twin cities of Minnesota from 25 in 1934 to 1,400 today.

He praised the loyalty of the girls to the union, evidenced in the Dallas strike of three years ago, where they held the picket lines for 14 months. He spoke of the sit-down in Kansas City last year, which was won by the strikers, despite the anti-union activities of the city government.

He mentioned the fact that in one strike, one girl was arrested under an order against mass picketing, but that 26 others had demanded to go to jail if their one fellow-worker went. The entire 27 had then spent 72 hours in jail, to vindicate the right of mass picketing.

In Texas and Tennessee, he pointed out, the girl workers are recruited by the employers from the country districts. Many of them have never seen money before, and

\$5 and \$6 a week for a 50 to 60 hour week looks "big" to them. When they join the union, however, they proved to be among its best fighters.

Pearlstein stressed the importance of the educational activity of the union as a union-builder in the sections of the country—"more so than in New York, where there are many other attractions and distractions."

The convention gave the girl delegates from these sections a hearty reception, cheering them for what they had done. Pearlstein added to the applause by pointing out that practically every delegate from the southwest had been arrested and jailed for the union cause.

DEFENDS WAGNER ACT

The "Canadian Catholic Clerics" who had "unjustly assailed" American international trade unions, were caustically criticized by Edward P. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, in an address to the convention this afternoon.

McGrady called to the attention of these critics the encyclical of Pope Leo XIII of May, 1891, in which it is stated that "work-people are not the employers' slaves" and added that the trade unions were seeking to win that "abundant life" which had been championed by Christ.

McGrady pleaded for "industrial peace and good will." "The time has arrived," he said, "if peace and good will are to be established and maintained among those associated with the industrial life of the nation, for us to try to move from the strike field to the peace board, where intelligence and kindly feeling and fair dealing will have a place."

He defended the Wagner Act, against any amendment at the present time, saying that "it has not yet been tried out" and that that fact is not the fault of labor. McGrady criticized in turn the employers' attacks on labor unions

through compulsory union incorporation proposals and the proposal to require unions to make financial reports. He asked "why compulsory incorporation of unions when there is no law requiring employers or trade associations to incorporate?"

In introducing McGrady, President Dubinsky spoke of him "as the most important representative of the government in dealing with labor." This remark was interpreted by many of the delegates and visitors as an indirect slap at Madame Frances Perkins, present Secretary of Labor.

It was evident that McGrady was "warning the trade union leaders against extensive strikes," for he said: "They (the labor leaders) must create discipline among their members, observance of the sacredness of contracts, efficiency in production, and cooperation in the elimination of waste." He spent much time dwelling on the cost of strikes and in emphasis on "industrial activity also he predicted."

Another speaker at the session today was B. Chapman Viadeck of the Jewish Daily Forward, who declared that "America is the hope of the world and labor is the hope of America." Viadeck stated that "we have come a long way," but warned that "we have a much farther road ahead." He championed "a national political party of labor" as the objective that the working people should have before them.

DELEGATES FROM POLAND

Viadeck appealed for financial aid to the workers of Poland, a matter re-emphasized by the address to the convention earlier in the day by H. Himmelfarb, fraternal delegate from the Polish garment unions. The Polish trade unionist declared that his country was under a semi-fascist regime, but that in spite of this there are 450,000 trade unionists in Poland. He understood the wretched condi-

tions prevailing there, with workers in the heavy industries earning from \$4 to \$6 per week.

"The new carpet bagger," the runaway employer, was denounced by Rose Schneiderman, secretary of the New York Labor Department, who brought the greeting of that department and of the National Women's Trade Union League to the convention.

She protested the "starving" of the labor departments, charging that it is impossible effectively to enforce present labor laws in New York and in many other states because of "an insufficient number of inspectors."

The labor movement of the country is coming to accept the "economic and industrial policies" advocated by the needle trades unions, Alex Rose of the United Hatters, Cap and Millinery Workers International Union stated, speaking for President Max Zariaksky who is ill.

ITALIANS TO BROADCAST

The movement will shortly accept the policies of those unions in regard to independent political activity, also he predicted.

The outstanding achievements of the past year for labor, he declared to be: The re-election of President Roosevelt, the beginning of the great union drive in basis of the American Labor Party. To all of these, the I. L. G. W. U. had made a decided contribution, he asserted.

Tomorrow morning Local 89, the Italian Dress Makers Union, will present its usual broadcast at 10 o'clock in the morning on radio stations in New York, (WEVD), Philadelphia, New Haven, and Boston. This particular broadcast will be given from Atlantic City and will be followed by a dinner to all the Italian delegates given by Local 89.

Contradict Nazi Theory On Zeppelin Crackup

(Continued from Page 1)

that the Hindenburg was lost on the Jewish east coast of the United States.

Even sadder heads than Streicher, have again begun to speculate about "sabotage." C. C. von Zepplin, a young nephew of the inventor of the lighter-than-air ship from his close observation of the disaster 1,000 miles away in Chicago, has declared he is satisfied that "sabotage" is the cause of the accident.

Dr. Hans Luther, German ambassador to Washington in his Washington office just before he left from Lakehurst, said he could not accept the expert opinion of American naval men. "Something diabolically mysterious was behind the explosion."

In Vienna, Hugo Eckener, designer of the Hindenburg, and at one time at odds with Hitler because he would not fully accept Nazi dictation, was sufficiently blinded by the loss of the Hindenburg also to hint "sabotage."

NAVAL OPINION

However, almost without exception, the American naval authorities at Lakehurst who stood by and watched the big bag filled with one of the most explosive gases known, agree on what they believe is the cause of the disaster.

Col. W. T. H. Galliford, stationed at Lakehurst, declared that ignition of the hydrogen by static or an electrical spark was undoubtedly the cause of the explosion.

Experts point out that in crossing the Atlantic the dirigibles losses many tons of fuel and that the hydrogen gas makes it difficult to land because the ship is infinitely lighter. Therefore about one-third of the gas is allowed to escape, creating a dangerous pocket of explosive surrounding the whole ship.

The Hindenburg ran through the worst electrical storm of the year just a few minutes before she prepared to land. She gathered static and when the ropes were dropped made a ground that caused sparks to fly into the envelope of hydrogen gas OUTSIDE of the ship.

Other observers say also that auxiliary motors may have been started for landing purposes increasing the danger of the explosion.

DANGER OF SPARKS

W. B. Courtney, whom we have already quoted, says that the hydrogen gas is so dangerous the crew is forced to wear rubber shoes not to generate sparks with their feet; flammable material is taken away from the passengers.

It is a known fact, furthermore, that out of 15 dirigible disasters in the past the overwhelming majority came to grief in a similar manner—in storms or by being affected by lightning and static.

Primarily Nazi Germany constructed the dirigibles for war purposes, and utilized them in the passenger trade, with the highly explosive gas, in order to make quick and easy profits.

SIGN OF RELIEF

It is for that reason that the entire Nazi press is now using the disaster to launch a campaign for the collection of funds to build more and bigger zeppelins. The British air experts, no matter how sincere their official regrets to Nazi Air Minister Goering may sound over the tragic loss of life on the Hindenburg, will breathe a sigh of relief that one of the sister ships of the early zeppelins which played such havoc with London

during the war is erased from the skies and will not be able to molest England in the next war that the Nazis are planning.

An American investigation commission is now undertaking an examination of the wreck and its probable cause, but that will not mean much to Her R. Goebbels' regimented press. The same Nazi press recently insulted and condemned the entire United States and is not likely to accept any impartial conclusions about the cause of the Hindenburg explosion.

Blame Nazi Use Of Hydrogen in Zep Explosion

(Continued on Page 4)

now constructing, requires up to 7,000,000 cubic feet of helium a year to replace leakage. At \$10 a thousand feet, the price the United States Navy pays, a year's supply for one giant air liner would cost the Nazis \$70,000 a year in real foreign exchange, or gold, not "ersatz" money.

At the same time American patronage of Nazi dirigibles will fall as a result of the Lakehurst disaster.

IMPERFECT ENGINES

Some naval men also question the perfection of the Nazis' Diesel motors. The testimony of Charles Grady, first class machinist mate, a member of the American ground crew, has point.

Grady, who was just below the Hindenburg as the disaster occurred, says:

"I could tell there was something wrong with the rear engine on the port side. It was racing, and they could not seem to slow it down. There was lots of smoke coming out of it too."

"It was a streak of lightning. It raced up the side of the ship, and in a second there was an explosion and the tail was a mess of flames. There was another explosion right after. A much louder one."

"I was looking right at it when I saw a big flash of flame shoot out of it."

"It was a streak of lightning. It raced up the side of the ship, and in a second there was an explosion and the tail was a mess of flames. There was another explosion right after. A much louder one."

HEARST ECHOES SABOTAGE

The Hearst press is featuring Senator Copeland's theory of "sabotage," apparently to protect the prestige of the Nazis, but no American sailors at Lakehurst take it seriously.

These sailors are fine fellows. After a sleepless night of toil and danger they worked all day amidst the wreckage, searching for bodies of several missing passengers and crew members or patrolling the grounds.

They were efficient and courteous throughout.

Men told me how their fellows leaped into the fire after victims last night, without thought of danger to themselves.

Tonight the official death list rose to 33 as Captain Ernst Lehmann, adviser to Captain Pruss, died of burns.

Lehmann, who used to be Eckener's right-hand man, had to play second fiddle to Captain Pruss under the reorganized zeppelin regime.

Actors Favor Strike, First Returns Show

Secret Poll of Hollywood Stars Shows 95 P. C. Favor Walkout

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., May 7.—The billion-dollar motion picture industry today received a warning that its lots face complete paralysis when a secret straw vote among 250 ranking stars, members of the Screen Actors Guild, showed 95 per cent favored a strike.

The vote of these stars, conducted for top salaries, indicated that the vote for a strike among the 5,000 actors in the Guild will go above the 75 per cent necessary to authorize a walkout.

The warning, that the actors would disregard contracts and are ready to strike, was first passed to Louis B. Mayer, production chief of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer.

The production chief was found having a gay time at an M-G-M studio party for visiting executives and salesmen, when Robert Montgomery, president, and Franchot Tone, director of the Guild, brought the sad news to him.

PREDICTS VICTORY

The preliminary indication of what the vote of the actors would be brought joy into the ranks of the strikers of 10 technical crafts, Charles Leasing, strike leader, predicted a quick victory.

Lessing announced that messages with pledges of support have come from unions with a membership of 1,500,000. Among them is the National Executive Board of the United Automobile Workers speaking for its 300,000 members.

Lessing warned, however, against rumors that the Federated Motion Picture Crafts, of which the 10 striking unions are a part, are breaking away from the A. F. of L.

"Although the F.M.P.C. is working with the C.I.O. on the picketing proposal, we positively have not broken with the A. F. of L.," he said. "The C.I.O. union has offered to aid without attaching any strings to the offer."

ANSWER FROM GREEN

Edward A. Fitzgerald, representative of the U. S. Department of Labor, arrived here today.

Meanwhile a reply from William Green, on complaints by the F.M.P.C. that the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees has been supplying scabs, gave little satisfaction to the strikers. He wired:

"The A. F. of L. did not order the strike. Consequently you cannot hold it responsible for differences which have arisen between organizations involved. Notwithstanding this fact, I will do all I can to overcome complaints filed in your complaint."

Chinese Blind Linked
With Rope March in
Protest Regulations

YANGCHOW, China, May 7 (UP).—Linking themselves by rope, 160 blind patients of a local hospital today paraded through Yangchow streets in protest against hospital regulations.

After snatching food and shouting slogans in a demonstration on City Hall, the marchers were turned to hospital under police escort. The hospital superintendent promised to consider their grievances.

Legislature Passes Tenement House Bill

Jams Through Woman Juror, Rogers-Allen Milk Bill in Final Session Before Adjournment

ALBANY, May 7.—Weary of their four months on Capitol Hill, legislators made their final drive for adjournment today, passing the Murray Prior Lien Bill authorizing New York City to finance old law tenement repairs, and a host of local legislation. With the hands of the clock stopped at a few minutes before noon, the official adjournment time, the Senate and Assembly floors were jammed with milling members as they made last minute fights for passage of their local bills—measures which attract votes.

Brief debate preceded the Assembly's passage of the Murray Bill. It has the approval of Mayor LaGuardia and New York City Tenement House Commissioner Landon W. Post. The bill would permit the city to enter tenements not complying with the provisions of the Multiple Dwelling Law, make the necessary repairs and charge the cost to the landlord as a lien prior to all other obligations except taxes and assessments.

SENT TO LEHMAN

Commenting on the measure, Chairman Abbot Low Mead of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee said: "If this bill fails, the death of any person burned in a tenement fire in New York will be laid at the doorstep of the Legislature."

The measure was approved by the Assembly by a vote of 80-62 and sent to Gov. Lehman for signature.

[A telegram was sent to the Governor last night by the East Side Tenants Union urging that he sign the Murray Bill.] A record of two hours was taken to give the leaders an opportunity to settle their differences on controversial legislation.

WOMAN JUROR BILL PASSED

During the session, the Assembly passed a bill permitting women to serve on juries. Assemblywoman Jane L. Westchester, Republican, and Doris I. Byrne, Bronx Democrat, pressed for favorable action.

"This is not what we want—permissive legislation—but it's better than nothing," they said. "After you gentlemen see what fine jurors we women make, you'll be willing to pass a bill making it mandatory."

Other bills passed and sent to the Governor: Authorizing theater license commissioners to "wipe out" the so-called "strip tease" burlesque shows. Permit milk producers to bargain for prices—a substitute for state milk control. Bill.

The leaders believed other difficulties delaying sine-die adjournment could be "ironed out" before midnight.

MILK BILL PASSES

The Rogers-Allen milk bill giving milk producers the right to bargain for prices was passed by the Senate by a vote of 35 to 11 and sent to the Governor.

The measure was amended to strike from the bill a provision permitting the fixing of prices to consumers. The amendment also eliminated a clause permitting distributors to participate in the bargaining.

The Senate also concurred in a resolution proposed by Assembly majority leader Irving M. Ives creating a joint legislative committee to conduct an investigation into the State's fiscal policies.

In the Assembly a bill tightening restrictions on third parties was killed.

Transport Union Votes To Join CIO

(Continued from Page 1)

ident William Green of the A. F. of L. had sought to split the organized ranks of the transit men by taking jurisdiction away from the Transport Workers' Union.

Pressing on determinedly for 100 per cent organization, the meeting authorized the executive committee to call a strike within ten days on the Third Avenue Railway System if the directors of the line do not agree to a speedy referendum among the workers for a collective bargaining agency.

Another resolution adopted by the meeting authorized the union's executive board to call a strike on the I. R. T. in ten event of delay of the referendum.

Enthusiasm of the men was heightened by a platform announcement that the Interborough Rapid Transit had agreed to hold a referendum by May 15 under the auspices of the City Industrial Relations Board, as demanded by the union. It was also announced that the Brooklyn Manhattan Transit Company had agreed to hold a poll July 1. This had been demanded by the T. W. U. last February.

QUILL IS CHEERED

Michael J. Quill, union president, received an ovation when he rose to take the chair. Above him, running the entire width of the platform, was a huge streamer with the inscription: "Transport Workers' Union, the Union of All Transit Men."

Banners of various union groups decorated the balcony, while placards on poles held by men in the audience showed the strength of the organization on the I. R. T. Every worker present wore a union button.

Quill, pointing to the steady growth of the union in four years, said that it had made steady gains on the I. R. T., the B. M. T., the city-owned Independent Subway System and various car and bus lines.

After his speech a group of men carried about the hall a box, representing a coffin. On it was marked "I. R. T. Brotherhood." The audience cheered as the "pall-bearers" marched about the arena.

C. I. O. RESOLUTION READ

Douglas McMahon, business representative of the union to the B. M. T. and Clarence King, Negro member of the executive board, spoke briefly.

Austin Hogan, general secretary of the union, took the floor to read the C. I. O. resolution. It was after that through that the great pro-C. I. O. demonstration broke loose.

Philco Parley Is Continued In Philadelphia

24-Hour Picket Line Is Set Up at Plant During Conference

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 7.—Striking workers of the Philco Radio and Television Co. and of its allied Philadelphia Storage Battery Co. began 24-hour picket duty as new attempts the strike by a conference began today.

More than 9,000 are involved in the week-old walkout at seven plants and a downtown office of the United Electrical and Radio Workers, a C. I. O. affiliate.

More than 8,000 of the strikers paraded by the plants Wednesday in one of the most impressive demonstrations seen here in a long time.

The strike was provoked by the company's disregard of seniority rights and refusal to negotiate a new agreement. For months there has been systematic discrimination against active union members by layoff of those with three and four years standing in preference to workers who were with the company less than a year.

The demands turned down by the company called for a 10-cent-an-hour increase, an additional five cents for night workers, plant seniority, a guaranteed Christmas bonus and renewal of the agreement.

The company countered with the demand for a 40-hour week in place of the present 36, a seniority system which would make possible discrimination, and elimination of the clause in the present agreement, which provides for union consent for purchase of parts outside.

The latter clause would open the way for cutting the company's working force to half, and turning its plants into assembly factories.

Franco Tries To Halt Basque Evacuation

PARIS, May 7.—Franco, Spanish fascist chief, tonight made a new effort to sabotage the rescuing of Basque children from Nazi air bombers by offering to set up a "safety zone" in Spain to which the refugees could be moved.

The idea was apparently suggested by Anthony Eden, pro-Franco British foreign minister, who previously took a leading part in trying to keep food from reaching Bilbao.

At the same time, the Qual d'Orsay press bureau announced that France has agreed that an international inquiry should be made into the destruction of Guernica, Basque "holly city," where Nazi aviators slaughtered hundreds of men, women and children on April 27.

French to Install Anti-Air Guns at Spanish Frontier

BIARRITZ, France, May 7 (UP).—Reports circulated along the frontier today to the effect that 200 men from the 196th anti-aircraft artillery regiment at Tours were being transferred to the border.

Several anti-aircraft batteries will be installed by them shortly at Urrugne, small French border town near here, and at Socori and the Croix du Bouquet heights, it was reported.

Weir Directly Accused In Attack on Unionists

By Adam Lapin

(Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 7.—Ernest T. Weir, Liberty League big-shot, was today declared personally responsible for the repeated assaults on union workers in Weirton during the past 48 hours in a statement issued by Clinton S. Golden, Pittsburgh director of the Steel Workers Organizing Committee.

"We publicly charge that E. T. Weir knows exactly what is going on in his Weirton plant and is condoning it," Golden declared.

For the second time in two days, company thugs beat up a dozen workers and violently flared up in Weirton as company thugs beat up a dozen union men wearing buttons and ejected them from the mill.

Although the hatchet gang in Weirton has been comparatively inactive for the past few weeks, it has suddenly instituted a new reign of terror against union men.

"UNHOLY ALLIANCE"

It is significant that its activities have been resumed immediately following Weir's return from his Bermuda vacation.

Weir is the leader of the "unholy alliance" of independent steel companies against the S. W. O. C.

New Seamen's Union Step for Labor Unity

National Maritime Union Strengthens Cause of Progress

By Roy Hudson

For the first time in its history the powerful United Fruit Line has agreed to recognize the right of its seamen to organize and negotiate union agreements.

This victory over the notoriously open-shop United Fruit Company also marks the birth of a militant, progressive union, the National Maritime Union.

The outcome of the recent United Fruit strike shows the correctness of the steps taken by the Eastern and Gulf sailors and stewards in forming the National Maritime Union. As members of the International Seamen's Union they had been deprived of all rights to determine who should represent them and how their union should be conducted.

They formed the National Maritime Union in order to maintain their organized strength and use it to secure recognition of their elected representatives, to conclude union agreements and improve wages and conditions. The United Fruit settlement shows that seamen, united into a powerful National Maritime Union, can achieve these aims.

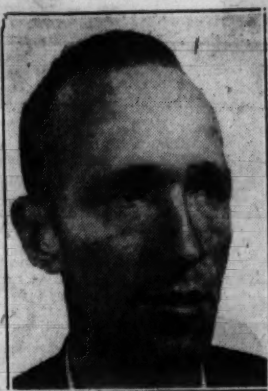
SAME FACTORS AS IN CIO

The same factors that brought about the birth of the Committee for Industrial Organization also made necessary the formation of the National Maritime Union. These factors are and were the undemocratic policies of the A. F. of L. reactionaries, their failure to organize the unorganized, their blind hatred of everything progressive and their opposition to industrial unionism.

Truly the record of the international officials of the ISU and of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. shows that they have been the enemies of unity and progress. They have destroyed democracy in the ISU. They openly recruited scabs to break the historic seamen's strikes. They refused to recognize the officials democratically elected by the membership.

These labor parasites, during months of negotiations, refused to agree that honest democratic elections be conducted. They blocked the National Labor Relations Board from conducting elections to determine the collective bargaining agents of the seamen.

On Monday they secured an



ROY HUDSON

injunction restraining the elected officials of the Marine Cooks and Stewards Union from functioning as such. The effect of this injunction is to prevent the membership of the union from democratically determining who shall represent them and how their union shall be run. The membership of the Sailors Union are confronted with the same threat.

GAINS JEOPARDIZED

Thus every gain and right of the seamen is jeopardized. Their gains are many. The tens of thousands of seamen are united behind the officials they democratically elected. Through their organized action, the seamen have forced practically every major steamship company to recognize and deal with their elected representative. Under the leadership of Joe Curran, Blackie Meyers, Jones, Jerry King and their other elected officials, the seamen have improved conditions, increased wages, organized the unorganized, and forced the United Fruit to deal with the union.

The policies of the repudiated officials and the effect of the injunction would wipe these things all out by robbing the seamen of their democratic rights, enslaving them to admitted strikebreakers and weakening their organized strength.

The seamen are determined to continue their march forward. Denied their democratic rights in the ISU, they had no other alternative but to constitute themselves as the National Maritime Union for the purpose of establishing democratic organization through which they could maintain their gains, secure recognition

Unity Convention Seen as Need to Pushing Many Gains

tion of their elected representatives and conclude union agreements.

IN STRONGER POSITION

United in the National Maritime Union, the tens of thousands of Eastern and Gulf seamen, who have conducted such a splendid, persistent fight, will be in a stronger position to defend their own interests, to cooperate with their brother marine unions, and to help in the formation of a national maritime federation.

Certainly the formation of the National Maritime Union strengthens the fight for a united national seamen's union. The undemocratic policies of I.S.U. and A. F. of L. reactionaries has destroyed all semblance of a national organization of the seamen. Further, these bureaucrats no longer represent anyone. Certainly the seamen can expect little from these people in restoring a national seamen's union.

Only through the convening of a national unity convention by the district unions in the East, Gulf and Pacific will it be possible to hammer out a program and policy that will again unite all seamen into one national union. The consolidation of the new union of the Eastern and Gulf sailors and stewards will make such a convention realizable. And the members of the National Maritime Union are pledged to support such a policy.

The National Maritime Union is also correct in stating that such a unity convention is of vital importance in order that the seamen can nationally determine their attitude towards the C.I.O. This becomes an important question especially in view of the refusal, over a long period of time, of the A. F. of L. Executive Council, to recognize and protect the democratic rights of the membership of the ISU.

The unification of the Eastern and Gulf sailors and stewards in the National Maritime Union will strengthen the cause of progress and the fight for a united trade union movement. This reason alone progressive forces in the labor movement should give the new National Maritime Union their fullest support.

Parke-Davis Co. Agrees to NLRB Election

All Workers Get Jobs Back—Union Sure of Poll Victory

(Daily Worker, Michigan Bureau)

DETROIT, May 7.—The management of the Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical Co. has agreed in negotiations with representatives of its striking workers that all employees will be taken back without discrimination pending a vote conducted by the Labor Relations Board to determine the bargaining agency in the plant.

The company pledges to abide by the results of the elections, and to enter into negotiations for a contract covering hours and working conditions with the organization chosen by a majority of the workers.

Union spokesmen are confident of victory in the elections, arrangements for which have not yet been made.

Strike leaders assert that the strike is 90 per cent effective. Picket lines, sometimes numbering 700 workers, surround the gates to the huge plant three times each day. It was discovered today that the Parke-Davis company has a hired "Emery-Dust Louie" Flint and his gang of strike-breakers as special guards. "Emery-Dust Louie" is a notorious Detroit thug long employed by manufacturers to smash strikes. He gained his nickname by his early habit of entering strike situations by throwing emery-dust into the engines of scab cars, then applying to the management for the job of apprehending the emery-dust thrower.

Burlesque Shows Denied Trials On Licenses

Supreme Court Justice Samuel I. Rosenman yesterday rejected a petition by three closed burlesque theatres to force Commissioner of Licenses Paul Moss to renew their licenses, and also refused to plea that their cases be submitted to a jury trial.

The theatres are the Kitzings, the Irving Place Burlesque and the People's Theater, whose licenses Commissioner Moss last week refused to renew because of allegedly obscene performances.

They sought an order of peremptory mandamus to force the issuance of new permits or an alternative order for a trial by jury. Justice Rosenman in denying both petitions explained that there was no issue to be tried, because the theatres did not deny or explain the report to Commissioner Moss charging that the shows were "lewd, lascivious and obscene, calculated to incite lustful and lecherous desire."

Justice Rosenman added that the discretion of the Commissioner was not unlimited, but the petitioners had not raised any question that it had been abused.

Pickets Back Month-Old Sitdown at Cigar Factory



A few of the 300 pickets who rallied Wednesday at the call of Local 144 of the International Cigar Makers Union outside the H. Anton Book Co., 1230 Second Ave., are shown above. Inside the plant, 130 strikers have occupied the premises for almost a month. They demand union recognition and wage increases.

Ohio Governor Served Subpoena by Alliance

Ordered to Appear at Trial of 6 Arrested Unemployed After Demonstration Protesting Slashing of Relief

(Daily Worker Ohio Bureau)

COLUMBUS, O., May 7.—Milton Farber, Columbus attorney for the Workers' Alliance defense outwitted Governor Martin L. Davey and served a subpoena to appear as a witness in the trial of the six arrested Workers' Alliance members who are facing trial on the charge of inciting to riot.

It seems that the Governor is most easily approached when he is being invited to a little party at the Neil House. At least that was the tactic used to serve the summons.

The process server, who is not known to the Governor's secretary, approached her and said that he would like to see the Governor as the "boys" were giving a little party for the Governor at the Neil House and he wanted to see him as to the details. The secretary readily admitted the process server to the Governor's office. The Governor's invitation, however, turned out to be a witness summons.

Milton Farber, the attorney said he was going to show by the Governor's testimony that the Workers' Alliance had been encouraged by the Governor for the purpose of pressure against the opposition to his matching relief program. Governor Davey announced last night that he will not answer the subpoena.

In an interview Farber told the Daily Worker that he would insist upon the Governor appearing at the trial. "If the Governor refuses, I will insist that the court issue a capias to bring him in. It is evident however that we will have difficulty in serving the summons."

In reviewing the case for the "Daily" Ben Gray, President of the Ohio Workers' Alliance said, "On April 7th, over 125 relief clients from 14 counties, accredited delegates from their union, the Ohio Workers' Alliance, representing thousands of organized relief clients, arrived in Columbus. They came to petition their state government."

They came to protest Governor Davey's crazy "soup-kitchen" plan. As citizens of this state they used their constitutional right to petition their government. They came to demand bread, shelter and clothes, for 350,000 Ohioans who are threatened with starvation by the doing nothing policy of the Governor and his reactionary cliques in the legislature. THAT WAS THEIR "CRIME." For this they face jail sentences."

Gray said that the Governor issued a statement of a highly provocative nature designed to influence the people and the court against the arrested delegates and attempted to cover up his brutal fascist attack by drawing the red herring across the issue.

Leather Workers Parley Considers Link to CIO

PEABODY, Mass., May 7.—Affiliation with the C. I. O. will be the main point on the order of business of the fourth convention of the National Leather Workers' Association of America when it convenes its second session here Sunday.

The convention, with 86 delegates from local at Girard, Ohio; Newark, N. J. and Woburn, Norwood, Lynn, Pittsfield and Peabody, Mass., opened April 30 and will continue through several week-ends in May.

The first session of the convention revealed much progress by the independent union among leather workers and reflected a progressive spirit in organization.

Resolutions passed favored President Roosevelt's court reform proposal, endorsement of the C. I. O. activities, and uniform wage scales in all districts of the industry have already been passed. Other resolutions, still to be acted upon, call for a Farmer-Labor Party, and sup-

Iowa Alliance Maps Fight Against Cuts

Scheduled Slashing of 3,000 by June Is Condemned

(Daily Worker Iowa Bureau)

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 7.—Iowa Workers Alliance moved into action to stop the scheduled cut of 3,000 WPA workers before June 14, when locals, from the entire state convened for a conference at Des Moines, Sunday, May 2.

A committee of 20 presented the demands of the conference to George J. Keller, WPA State Administrator, Monday morning, May 3. These demands were for a 20 per cent wage increase, increase of quota to employ the 11,000 certified who are not at present able to get on WPA, and replacement of any persons dropping from WPA rolls by new employees.

The conference committee protested the policy of WPA in excluding single men and women from employment, demanded recognition of Workers Alliance as the sole bargaining agent for WPA workers and urged continuation and extension of the federal projects.

Pending reply from Harry L. Hopkins, Federal Administrator on the demands of the conference, plans were outlined for a mass demonstration June 8 at the time David Lasser, national president will be in Des Moines.

Organizational plans on this demonstration include a campaign for concerted action to exert pressure on Congress for an appropriation sufficient to provide adequate wages and jobs for all unemployed. Job stewards will function on every project. All labor organizations and organizations sympathetic to the problems of the unemployed will be asked for support of Alliance program. Tag days and parties will be held to raise funds for the mass meeting and to finance transportation of delegates.

Job registration bureaus will be set up in every town for all unemployed. An intensive drive to organize 100 locals by June 1 will be launched immediately with meetings arranged by individual locals in all adjacent towns. COC boys will be invited to join the Alliance.

Guest speakers at the conference were Gus Erickson, corresponding secretary of the Des Moines Trades and Labor Assembly and Ivan L. Waples, secretary of the Lincoln Nebraska Workers Alliance local, and state secretary of the Farm Labor Party of that state.

WHAT'S ON

Chicago, Ill. BRANCH 31 EAST. C. P. Banquet—honors of Comrade B. Berns. Saturday, May 8, 8 P.M. Russian Cooperative Restaurant, 1626 W. Division St. Exceptional program. Delicious food. Adm. 50c. All comrades of Section 5 are invited.

Philadelphia ALL SECRETARIES AND MEMBERSHIP Directors will meet on Saturday, May 8, 2 P.M. at the Party office, 62 North 11th St. No one will be excused.

MEMORIAL DAY. Outing to Aid Spain. Come and enjoy with us good food, entertainment, and a swell time. Sunday, May 30 at George's Hill, Aspicus Communist Party, 34th Ward Branch.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIRD ANNUAL

CONCERT and BALL

of the PHILADELPHIA MUSIC CENTER

Benefit of WORKERS MUSIC SCHOOL

Saturday, May 8, 8 P.M. Fleisher Auditorium

S.E. Cor. Broad and Pine Sts. SUBSCRIPTION 35c

Haycraft Backed By Minnesota FLP

State Organization Supports Progressive in Fight Against Reactionary Latimer in Elec- tion of Minneapolis Mayor

MINNEAPOLIS, May 7.—With the primary election to be held Monday, a heavy blow was dealt the reactionary forces that are seeking to re-elect Mayor Thomas E. Latimer when the state committee of the Minnesota Farmer-Labor Association endorsed the candidacy of Kenneth Haycraft for mayor.

Haycraft, state old age pension director and a former University of Minnesota All-American end, has been put forward by the Hennepin County (Minneapolis) Farmer-Labor Association as the candidate of the progressive forces of the city.

Latimer, who was nominated at a rump convention at which the Trotskyite Dunne brothers played a leading role, is being supported by underworld elements and by a section of the Republican Party. Significant, the Republican Party has announced that it has made no official endorsement of George Leach, former Republican mayor, who is also a candidate.

The Trotskyites, after first lining up behind Latimer, later changed their tactics in order to clear themselves of the stigma of supporting this notorious strikebreaker. They have put forward as the Socialist-endorsed candidate Vincent R. Dunne's candidacy has been described even by the reactionary press as a move to split the progressive vote and make the final election on June 14 a runoff between Latimer and Leach.

At the instructions of the state committee of the Farmer Labor Association, its weekly paper, the Minnesota Leader, is issuing a special edition of 125,000 copies supporting Haycraft and the other regularly endorsed candidates for city office.

In an effort to offset this, the Latimer forces have put out a sheet called the Farmer-Labor Leader—though they speak without authority from the Farmer-Labor Party. This sheet is filled with the vilest Red-baiting against Haycraft and the whole Farmer-Labor administration of Governor Benson. Though the Trotskyites are now nominally supporting their own candidate, Latimer's paper reeks with their anti-Farmer-Labor Party poison.

The Communist Party is actively participating in the campaign and in common with the progressive people of the city is working for the election of Haycraft and the other endorsed candidates. Harry Mayville, popular Communist labor leader, is an aldermanic candidate in the Sixth Ward, with a strong chance of election.

PICKET DENOUNCED In a bitter denunciation of Police Commissioner Picket as a direct appointee of Mayor Couzens, Martel recited the long record of police brutality and strikebreaking by the Detroit police.

Martel charged further that the police department and city officials have only recently granted permits to foremen in the Detroit Chevrolet plant to carry concealed weapons. The present city administration was further flayed on charges that there is such rampant waste and mismanagement in the city Department of Street Railways that it would be a major scandal if the facts became generally known.

The Federation meeting also went on record for making Labor Day this year a day of real demonstration of labor's strength in protest against police brutality and employer domination.

STRIKE BALLOT For Express Clerks Asked

Rail Brotherhood Is Urged to Authorize Ballot in Chicago

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., May 7.—A resolution asking President Harrison of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks to authorize a strike ballot among express employees was sent to him signed by Robert Morgan, Express Vice-President of the Clerks, and the general chairman of the express division.

The resolution cited the fact that the American Railway Express Co. had been fiddling along with the union since August 14, 1936, without any results.

The points at issue in these negotiations are 1) a Scope Rule, fixing the Clerks' jurisdiction over all Express employees, 2) that hours be a maximum of 204 a month, 3) bona fide vacation rule, instead of the present system whereby the company "grants" vacations on some roads, but not on others, 4) a raise in wages, and elimination of abuses on the extra list, 5) adjustment of the wage scale of station employees.

Mass meetings to discuss these and other points were held in Chicago on May 3-4, for each of the three shifts of Express workers.

Hall Chicago Thugs Slug Picket Leader

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., May 7.—Company slugs attacked two strikers from the W. F. Hall printing company Thursday, as they sat in a tavern. One of the strikers was a picket captain, the other a picket who has been on the line from the start of the five weeks old strike. The Hall company was one of the largest open shops in the country. All the present organizing drive pulled its workers out for the union.

port to the Child Labor Amendment.

From sentiments expressed by the delegates the convention will undoubtedly vote affiliation with the C. I. O. as a preliminary step to a drive to organize the open shop centers of the industry.

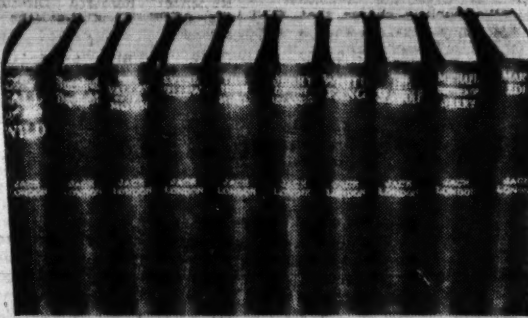
The Leather Workers' Organizing Committee of the C. I. O. is now concentrating upon the A. C. Lawrence Co. plant in this city, a subsidiary of Swift and Company, employing 3,500 workers. Since the Wagner Act was validated, the company dissolved the "Assembly Plant" company organization, but through its agents an "Independent Union" is being formed. C. I. O. sound trucks are continually touring the city appealing for affiliation with the C. I. O. Several mass meetings by the C. I. O. at City Hall were jammed.

The leather workers' convention re-elected Joseph Messia as General Organizer and Daniel Boyle as secretary-treasurer.

re-elected Joseph Messia as

General Organizer and Daniel Boyle as secretary-treasurer.

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CENTRAL ORGAN, COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.
(SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY.
PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

FOUNDED 1924

PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY THE
COMPRODAILY PUBLISHING CO., INC.

50 East 13th Street, New York, N. Y.

Telephone: ALgonquin 4-7954

Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
Harlem Bureau: 200 West 135th St., Tel.: Edgemoor 4-5726
Washington Bureau: Room 954, National Press Building, 14th and
P St., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 7910
Chicago Bureau: 208 North Wells St., Room 201, Chicago, Ill.
Telephone: Dearborn 3921
Pittsburgh Bureau: 607 Bigelow Blvd., Telephone: Court 3971
Ohio Bureau: 1524 Prospect Ave., Cleveland, Tel.: Prospect 3731

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

By Mail (except Manhattan and Bronx): 1 year, \$6.00; 6 months,
\$3.50; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 75 cents.
Manhattan, Bronx, Foreign and Canada: 1 year, \$9.00; 6 months,
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1937

The I.L.G.W.U. Convention And the Road for Unity

Youth is having its day at the 23rd convention of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union. In session after session, the new unionists, who have recently swelled the organization's ranks, have displayed their enthusiasm and union loyalty.

It is to the credit of the I.L.G.W.U. that it has thus pushed forward to the organization of the unorganized. It is a tribute to its alertness that we see today in Atlantic City such a show of banners from these new locals in every section of the country.

The cloak makers are almost 100 per cent organized. The dress makers have swelled in numbers to the largest group in the union. The advance into the miscellaneous trades is being steadily made.

The I.L.G.W.U. has gone much further than this. It has not rested content with aggressive drives for the organization of the workers in its industry. It has also given generous aid to others.

Above all, it has written a splendid chapter in American labor history in its support to the Spanish democracy. The moving demonstration in honor of the Spanish Ambassador on Thursday stirred the convention as no other event has done. First Vice-President Luigi Antonini, in pledging the support of the Italian members to the Spanish workers, brought the convention to the highest point of emotion of any of its sessions. That act was a fine demonstration of the meaning of solidarity in the I.L.G.W.U.

There remains for this Atlantic City convention to show the same determination and far-sightedness on the Committee for Industrial Organization issue that it has shown in all these other things.

President Dubinsky has indicated that the union stands solidly with the C.I.O. He has inferred that the unity which the I. L. G. W. U. wishes to see in the labor movement is that unity based on the C.I.O. program. A great number of resolutions have echoed that view. The large locals—22 and 29—have taken a firm stand in favor of the C.I.O. and its great drives in the mass production industries.

We cannot close our eyes to the fact, however, that there are other tendencies in the convention. These tendencies do not openly oppose the C.I.O., but, in the name of "unity" and "peace with honor," they would weaken the bond of the I.L.G.W.U. with the C.I.O.

The I.L.G.W.U. owes it to its splendid position in the labor movement to take a firm stand with the C.I.O.—one that cannot be misunderstood. That is the real road to unity of the labor movement today.

The 23rd convention will go down in letters of gold in the history of American labor if it takes such a forthright, clear-cut stand for the C.I.O. It is through the strengthening of the C.I.O. that unity will be advanced for American labor at this hour.

Harvey a Public Menace— Should Be Removed

Revelations that a New York police lieutenant has been disciplined for remarks he made about Mayor LaGuardia casts a new light on the ugly activities of Borough President George U. Harvey.

For the statements of this police officer were directly inspired by the fascist incitements of the Little Fuchrer of Queens.

On April 14, at a meeting in the Hippodrome, Harvey joined with defenders of General Franco in pouring abuse on Communists, Mayor LaGuardia and what they called the "unwashed liberals." In the course of his speech Harvey said that if he were in charge of the New York police, he would give each of them three feet of rubber hose and turn them loose on the Communists.

Police Lieutenant Bernard J. Kelly picked up Harvey's words and told some of his colleagues that so long as LaGuardia was in the City Hall, the Communists would have a free hand. He went further.

"If Harvey had anything to say about the sitdown strikes in the city," Kelly said, "we could go to work on them."

The frank police officer gave the game away. It isn't merely Communism that these Red-baiting fascists are sniping at, but the right to strike.

It is time something were done to curb the antics of the Queens Ku Kluxer. Back

in 1931 efforts were made to remove Harvey on charges of stock swindling. The then governor, Franklin D. Roosevelt, after a hearing, severely censured Harvey, but did not think the evidence warranted his removal.

Today, however, the activities of the Republican borough president are far more dangerous socially than the swindling of glib investors. He is openly inciting lawless attacks on peaceful citizens. Such a man is a public menace.

Harvey should be removed from office. Progressives should join in demanding that Governor Lehman act to rid the city of this bearer of the brown plague of Hitlerism.

A Judicial Tyrant Argues Against Tyranny

Mr. Hughes decided to take an oblique aim at Roosevelt's proposed court reform by declaring his fears of "tyranny" and his faith in "the processes of reason."

The gods of irony must have shaken with laughter at this spectacle of the chief defender of judicial oligarchy, protesting his fears of court reform in the name of liberty and reason.

If Mr. Hughes wants to leave the impression that the Supreme Court decides problems by reason, he will have to explain away the whole body of American history, which proves that the court "follows the election returns." He will have to explain the flying trapeze acts of Justice Roberts within the past 18 months.

As for tyranny, Mr. Hughes is repeating once more the stale battle-cry with which Hearst's stooge, Landon, tried to stampede America away from a program of social reform.

Is Mr. Hughes still campaigning for Landon and everything that puppet for die-hard reaction stood for?

Is Mr. Hughes electioneering in defense of his judicial sinecure from which he and his colleagues can hold life and death sway over the people of America?

What can Mr. Hughes secretly think of the American people when it is his apparent conviction that the people need a higher and more remote judicial "reason" than their own to curb them?

Hughes' speech is another evidence that American reaction, stubbornly defending its privileges, is exceedingly active and determined in its fight!

This reaction, which privately despises the people and democracy, and which hypocritically spouts phrases in defense of liberty, must be halted by the united, aroused indignation of the people. The judicial oligarchy must go and its usurped powers stripped from it!

The purring of Hughes' speech, seeking to hide the steel tyranny which it defends, must be answered by a new wave of support and struggle for the passage of the Roosevelt Court reform. Speed the court proposals! Stop the filibustering of the reactionaries in congressional committees and demand action against the Uncrowned Monarchs of the Supreme Court!

Hapgood and Six Strike Leaders Must Be Freed!

The scales of Maine justice on Thursday again gave short weight when Justice Harry Manser of the State Supreme Court sentenced Powers Hapgood, New England secretary of the Committee for Industrial Organization, and six other shoe strike leaders to six months in jail.

The charge against them was violation of a sweeping injunction outlawing the strike of more than 6,000 Lewiston and Auburn shoe workers.

The man who issued the injunction was Manser. The man who presided at the so-called trial of the strike leaders was Manser. The man who handed down the sentences was Manser. And so it goes.

In issuing the original injunction, Justice Manser, taking his cue from the Chamber of Commerce, declared that the strike violated the National Labor Relations Act.

But only a few hours before the verdict against the six men was returned, Dr. A. Howard Myers, New England director of the National Labor Relations Board, pointed to the real violators. He announced that he had issued complaints against four shoe manufacturers involved in the strike, charging them with violating the Wagner Act.

The Labor Relations Board by implication thereby brands as illegal the shameless strikebreaking activities of Justice Manser and Governor Barrows.

Labor and the friends of labor cannot take the sentence against Powers Hapgood and his six colleagues lying down. These brave fighters, who have stood up against the bayonets of the National Guard, must be freed.

Hapgood, in addition to his work for the C.I.O., is a prominent Socialist, a member of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party.

The recent Socialist Party convention adopted a resolution favoring united action with the Communist Party on specific issues. Here certainly is an issue on which Socialists, Communists and all progressives should join hands without delay.

World Front

By HARRY GANNES

Though the Soviet press has buried every flimsy rumor about a chimerical German-Russian "understanding" under mountains of fact, the world capitalist press cannot divest itself of this type of odious speculation.

Since the rumors originated in London, were embellished in Berlin, and reached their most garish heights in Paris, we think that the following exposure by Comrade Gabriel Peri, commentator on world politics in L'Humanite, will be of great interest to our readers:

The problem of German-Soviet relations is now the subject of intensive commentary in the French press. This commentary for the most part is noteworthy neither by its knowledge nor its insight. This is the theme which they grow wordy about: Germany, we are told, is renouncing its aggressively anti-Soviet policy.

There follows immediately: the U. S. S. R., ready for any lack of faith, is for its part disposed to orientate its foreign policy toward Berlin.

There was a day—Dec. 25, 1933, to be exact—when Stalin, in a speech to the 17th Soviet Congress, settled accounts with the pretentious chattering who spin dizzy tales about the orientation of the U. S. S. R. toward Germany or France.

Stalin replied to them: "We have no orientation toward Germany, or France, or Poland, we orientated ourselves in the past and we will orientate ourselves today... on the U. S. S. R. and if the interests of the U. S. S. R. require a rapprochement with such or such a country which has no interest in war, we will do so without hesitation."

In other words, the policy of the U. S. S. R. is not orientated toward this or that country, but on peace. Hence the result that the U. S. S. R. naturally associates itself with the efforts of all those who have an interest in the maintenance of peace, and its path is opposite to those who are harboring plans for aggression.

If voices are raised in Germany to condemn the policy of international violence—that there are some is shown by the manifesto of the German Freedom Party—we rejoice with all our hearts. If Hitler Germany would renounce everywhere its plans for aggression, we would say: "So much the better."

But it is quite certain that the surest means of excluding plans of aggression from international practice is to reinforce the existing pacts. It is not excluded, after that, that the dream of certain of Hitler's collaborators to drive a wedge between the U. S. S. R. and France, to divide the forces of peace, follows the best tradition of Nazism. These plans would be discouraged at the outset, they would not have taken form if France had given its full significance to the Franco-Soviet Pact.

But, to say the truth, the attempt has been rather to lessen its significance. Except for several rare exceptions (Leon Blum's speech in November, Delbos' speech at Chateauroux), there has been hesitation to defend the Franco-Soviet Pact with the necessary vigor. A treaty concluded by France has been attacked with the most extreme violence without engendering an immediate counter-blow. In the hope of taming Hitler and on the request of Sir Robert Vansittart, the bureaucracy of the Quai d'Orsay has prepared several weeks ago an interpretation of the Franco-Soviet pact which would have deprived it of vitality, would have rendered it inoperative.

It is because the Franco-Soviet Pact has been treated as a poor relative, it is because in the speeches the "union of the three democracies" (France, England, U. S. A.) has been exalted, with allusion to Soviet democracy considered in bad taste, that collective security has suffered so many setbacks. The strengthening of the Franco-Soviet Pact would probably have had the effect—to give only one example—of forestalling the breaking up of the Little Entente. It is not Ususki, Czechoslovak Ambassador to Paris, who will deny this.

How then could the idea not have arisen in Germany of disarticulating a diplomatic accord which one of the signatories is giving such treatment?

May the polemics on German-Soviet relations serve as a salutary warning. Since a year every effort toward the tightening up of peaceful friendships has now adjourned in the hope of softening the heart now of Hitler, now of Mussolini. A disastrous experiment. Agreements are now being concluded in Europe. But against France.

The helm must be turned in a different direction.

The Best Way to Honor Mothers Day

Mothers Day is coming along and all the big merchants will sell you extra-special bargains for the occasion.

But aside from the awful vulgarity with which Big Business surrounds everything it touches, the mothers of America who bear the burdens of raising families in the face of insecurity, deserve all the honor and love in the world.

The big-wigs have chosen as the typical American mother for 1937 the wife of the President of the Union Pacific Railroad, Mrs. Carl R. Gray, whose family income is easily over \$100,000 a year, and who is now staying at that quiet little family hostelry, the St. Moritz, overlooking Central Park in New York City (from \$10 a day up).

America's mothers look a little different. They worry day and night about rent, food, and clothing for their kids. And so heartless are the rulers of this land that their greed costs the death of more than 50 mothers in every ten thousand childbirths, all due to lack of proper care.

The recent convention of the Young Communist League chose Mother Ella Reeve Bloor, beloved veteran of more than a half century of class struggles, and hundreds of thousands all over the country will give heartfelt applause.

We greet with enthusiasm the call to make Mothers Day a real American holiday called Mothers Day For Peace.

Let no American mother suffer the agony of having her sons die for the sacred glory of Morgan and Company!

Celebrate May 9th in the towns and cities of America by raising voices of protest against the war-makers, who are the worst enemies of the Mothers of America!

THE POUND OF FLESH

by Ellis



Spanish Workers Ask Socialist International to Give Real Aid

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, May 7. — An end of the sabotage of the People's Front—which has become the policy of some of the leaders of Second International parties—is demanded by the Spanish working masses, a special correspondent of Pravda, Soviet Communist Party organ, reports.

In a dispatch from Valencia, the Pravda correspondent says that the workers are calling for more active support of the struggle of the Spanish people, and this demand is voiced by some of the Socialist leaders opposed to the tactic of sabotage.

The Pravda dispatch says: "Recently, the interest of leaders of the Second International in Spain has grown noticeably. This is seen most clearly in the fact that each one of them considers it his duty to honor Spain with a visit. During the last two weeks, Valen-

cia has been visited by Friedrich Adler, by Secretary Walter Shevelens of the Amsterdam International, by Chairman Jdanovski of the Polish Socialist Party and by a number of other big and small leaders, not to mention Julius Deutsch of the Austrian Social Democratic Party, who is here permanently.

HOSPITABLE

"The Spaniards are courteous and hospitable people. They leave their urgent work and give time and effort to their 'honored guests,' meanwhile patiently waiting until the latter guess it is time to go home. But now the guests are taking on themselves greater and greater liberties. They are beginning to interfere in the mutual relations between organizations of the People's Front, to give advice.

PRIVILEGE ARTICLE

"And what they are mostly upset about are not the difficulties of the

war, but the growth in the influence of the Communist Party."

Pravda's correspondent mentions an article by the leader of the Socialist Party in Spain, Minister of the Navy and Aviation Indalecio Prieto, entitled "Bitter Reflections" which was reprinted in the Soviet Press.

Prieto says that while the Socialist Parties display their sympathy toward Spain, their representatives who occupy government posts look upon us as enemies. "These truly bitter reflections of a prominent leader of the Socialist Party, which the Communist Party organ, 'Frente Rojo,' fully endorses, reflect the sentiments of the broad working masses of Spain," the correspondent says. "The latter demand from the parties of the Second International discontinuation of the policy of sabotage which some of their leaders are carrying out, and that the path of active support of the struggle of the Spanish people be taken."

Letters from Our Readers

WPA Workers' Tug of War To Hold Jobs Must Be Won—

Manchester, N. H.

Editor, Daily Worker:

While WPA workers are being fired right and left and forced to go back to the dole to exist, Professor Harry Smith of the University of New Hampshire is still collecting his pin money from the WPA, in addition to his full-time salary as a professor of economics. Professor Smith has been on the WPA payroll since about a year ago when he got the idea of setting up a Workers' Education Project in New Hampshire. The job of director of the project looked good to him. He had been useful to the Democratic politicians of the State and didn't have any trouble in landing the job.

Workers' Education under Professor Smith has been anything but Workers' Education. Clubwomen have been given courses in how to recover their overstuffed furniture and how to prepare and serve sickroom diets. The medical sergeant in the National Guard has been giving a course in first aid under the auspices of Workers' Education. Another teacher in first aid got all his pupils to fork over 60 cents for a textbook, then disappeared with the cash. It is understood that at least two teachers have been on the payroll who never went near the classes.

Another teacher worked with the American Legion, holding naturalization classes for the benefit of the State democratic machine. No attention was paid to the problems of the foreign born who went to these classes. They were taught just enough to get by, naturalized on the spot, and turned over to local politicians.

This type of "workers' education," which offers nothing to the rank and file trade unionists and masses of workers in the state, has caused such a stink here that the WPA workers began recently to close up the project, and it looked for a while that that was the end of Mr. Smith's career as a government servant.

But no. Workers' Education may come and go, but Prof. Smith still remains on the payroll of the WPA as well as the University of New Hampshire. The great humanitarians at the helm of the WPA had to bow before New Hampshire's Little Tammany.

Meanwhile workers, who cannot live without their WPA checks, are being cut off, in order to balance the budget in 1938.

J. S.

For A Communist Party Broadcasting Station—

Mena, Ark.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Last night our unit took up and discussed the possibilities of the Party having a broadcasting station. Especially in the smaller towns such as we live in, and probably the whole country.

Why is it that the illegal German Party can have a broadcasting station and Spain as well? Here we are the richest capitalist country in the world and can't reach as yet the hundreds of thousands of people whom we haven't with the press, meetings and through the unions. It looks to us that there are sufficient trade unions in the country to support, with programs and entertainment, to attract very large numbers of

people to our programs.

There are many wave lengths that could be used on both the short and standard wave bands. If we can pick up Spain from here, we surely could pick up stations in the U. S. A. Are there any reasons why we can't get a permit to install one?

The cost of such a large enterprise could be secured in a number of ways—through special tax stamps, collections (the Mena Unit No. 2 pledged \$15 last night to help start such a fund if others are ready); and through donations.

Yours for a United States Communist Party Broadcasting Station. H. G.

For All Workers to Join the Fight

New York, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I have, for many years, been a believer in the necessity for world Socialism as an alternative to world Barbarism. However, I have shirked and done nothing about it.

Saturday, I saw the May Day parade, and Sunday night, I attended the Y.C.L. convention. Never anywhere, have I seen such inspiring sights. Truly, as the banners proclaimed, this was "Life With a Purpose."

These huge demonstrations have given me much food for thought. I have decided that I want to get into the thick of the fight. I should like to become a member of the Communist Party. Please advise me where to apply for membership. F. G.

Herndon Victory Greeted By Deep South in Solidarity

Clearwater, Fla.

Editor, Daily Worker:

From the deep South comes this note of solidarity and greetings of the workers, who are celebrating the victory won in the U. S. Supreme Court in the case of Comrade Angelo Herndon.

It proves that mass action is the only effective method of wresting from the Boss masters even a morsel of that thing called "Justice."

This victory deserves the loudest praise of all progressive people, both Negro and white, and should stimulate every worker to double his efforts in behalf of many more wrongs that lie ahead of us, such as the Shomaker Murder in Tampa which has not been brought into the spotlight, the political racketeers and their clan are sparring for time in the hopes that the workers are like the proverbial "cockroach." They will soon forget; but we won't!

There is also the case of Frank Norman, murdered by this Klan. Also Claude Neal, the colored victim, who was kidnapped in Alabama and brought across the state line into Florida, and lynched, which was a violation of the Federal statutes and the Lindbergh kidnapping law.

To free the Scottsboro boys, Tom Mooney and numerous other victims of injustice is our next task and we workers should not crow about our victories until we have done our full duty of releasing those noble fighters, who are awaiting our help.

Our watchword must be "As long as there are working men in prison, we are not free." A. L.

'MAKE MOTHER'S DAY A DAY OF PEACE'

HOLLYWOOD'S HEYWOOD BROWN

By MIKE GOLD

LOS ANGELES.—Another Hollywood myth that needs to be exploded is that all screen writers make fortunes. The truth is, their lives are as insecure as those of the actors. Perhaps a hundred writers, through luck or brains, or a combination of both, are in the big money. The rest, like you and I, live on proletarian penials.

I have no figures on the actual number of writers slaving away in the Hollywood factories, but it must be well over a thousand. And the Screen Writers' Guild, in a recent study, said that excluding the top-rank writers, the average wage for these average screen writers is around \$35 a week. They work much harder than newspaper reporters, have to muck around in worse mental filth, and are hired and fired on a moronic boss's caprice. A great career, eh? What? Don't raise your boy to be a screen writer or actor.

The Screen Writers' Guild was formed sometime ago to join for these writers some of the privileges enjoyed by movie electricians and carpenters, who are smart enough to have unions. Last year the Guild went into action and made a bad flop of it. It had moved prematurely, and the bosses formed a scab company union under the leadership of a certain fat old Tory author of goosy fiction, Colonel Rupert Hughes by name. For the first time, screen writers knew who were the men or rats among them. It was a bitter lesson, but you will hear from this Guild again.

One Man Who Dares

One writer who calls his soul his own in Hollywood is Donald Ogden Stewart. This stubborn Scot in spectacles moves and talks as quietly as a henpecked college professor, but don't let his Harvard manner fool you. He is, to begin with, one of the real American writers of our time. Scotch humor is a kind of belligerent common sense and realism touched with Gaelic madness. Dry and canny, Stewart has been puncturing American bunk ever since he got out of his velvet knee pants. It was his string of humorous books that fetched him to Hollywood, and now he is one of the highest-paid and most indispensable movie writers here—a charter member of the small aristocracy.

What Heywood Brown is among newspaper writers, Stewart is to movie writers. But like Heywood Brown, this prince of the salaried is deeply loyal to the commoners. His Wally Simpson is the Screen Writers' Guild, of which he is the fearless president.

More than that, Stewart goes to the bat for every liberal cause. He has been chairman at several great mass meetings for Spain. (Los Angeles, by the way, has contributed men to the Lincoln Battalion, and raises from \$5,000 to \$8,000 at each big meeting it holds for Spain.) Think of that, you New York provincials!

Like Brown, this lonely Scot is a walking, breathing one-man united front. And writers, actors and liberals in general out here have that same affection for Stewart that the big crowds in New York have for Brown. By God, there is nothing better on this earth than a really honest man, and doesn't everyone soon recognize him?

Donald Stewart speaks out, and so rare and strange is his honesty in this city town of Hollywood, that many of his utterances must seem sensational.

Recently, a lady screen writer named Mary McCall wrote a sharp blast in the Screen Actors' Guild magazine. She complained that screen writers were being plunged up to their necks in politics. She, for one, was an artist, and refused to drag her beautiful soul in the mud.

"Nobody goes to anybody's house any more to sit and talk and have fun," she wailed. "There's a master of ceremonies and a collection basket, because there are no gatherings except for a Good Cause." If the Revolution comes, she wants only to "watch it"—needing only "some paper and pencils, etc." I want to write about it, because I am a writer.

So Donald Stewart answered her, and I wish I could quote his article in full, so sharp and true is his manifesto of a free writer. "It has always been my feeling," he said, "that a man is an artist primarily because he is gifted (or cursed) with a greater degree of sensitivity not only to the beauty of the world, but also to its terror and pain. Is a man any less an artist if he feels something more is necessary at the sight of certain throbbing open wounds than a well-sharpened pencil and a sheet of blank paper?"

Is it true no artist can survive a three-car garage, in this golden-goose Hollywood existence? . . . Are Hollywood writers to be above the battle while artists like Hemingway, Malraux and Ralph Bates are partisans of the cause? . . . Thomas Moore, Byron, Shelley, William Blake, Victor Hugo, Zola, . . . all took a passionate part in politics without sacrificing their integrity as artists. . . . Donald Ogden Stewart has also been one of the most active leaders in the Hollywood Anti-Nazi League, which organization has made the deepest dent on the movie colony. It is he who is writing the script of a satirical anti-Nazi radio broadcast that this group sends out each week.

This broadcast may soon go out on a national hookup. If so, you will all know what I mean when I toast Donald Ogden Stewart as the Heywood Brown of the wild and woolly West Coast.

World Communist Leaders Pay High Tribute to Pravda

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, May 9.—The international revolutionary movement paid tribute to the sterling Bolshevik work carried on by Pravda, central organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, in the fight for socialism, in a statement by 17 leaders of the Communist International greeting the paper on its 25th anniversary.

The statement reads: "Founded by Lenin and Stalin, Pravda was born in the struggle to rally the forces of the Russian proletariat for the overthrow of the power of the policeman of Europe—the Tsarist monarchy. Pravda was a magnificent agitator and organizer of the working class in the years of underground activity under Tsarism, untiringly preparing the masses for the victorious struggle for the establishment of the proletarian dictatorship.

"During the heroic fighting days of October, Pravda called upon the working class and peasant masses to revolt. The voice of the Bolshevik Pravda (Truth) sounded the alarm in the frightful years of the Civil War, mobilizing all forces against the White Guard generals and interventionists.

"Under the leadership of the Leninist Central Committee, expressing the will, thoughts and feelings of the entire Bolshevik Party, Pravda marched ahead of the masses of the people in the struggle for socialist construction and the victory of socialism in the U.S.S.R.

"It faithfully served the working class cause, giving determined and merciless resistance to all despicable restorers of capitalism who sought to destroy the iron unity of the great Party of Lenin and Stalin.

"For 25 years Pravda tirelessly, day in and day out, has been educating the masses of the spirit of proletarian internationalism. No matter where the struggle seethed in capitalist countries, China, Austria, Spain or elsewhere, Pravda rendered invaluable support to the toilers in the battle for emancipation. Amidst the lies and slanders spread daily by the capitalist press it always told the working class the truth and became Pravda (Russian for 'truth') of the working masses of the world over, enjoying their full confidence.

"Pravda is known and loved not only by the peoples of the Soviet Union, but also by proletarians of all countries. The Leninist-Stalinist Pravda is an example of a fighting working class party organ. By its example and historical experience the press of the Communist Parties conducting heroic struggles against the forces of fascism and war, for peace and democracy, for the victory of socialism, is learning great lessons.

"Communists in all countries, in the course of many years, have learned from Pravda unbounded devotion to the cause of the emancipation of the toilers, sound Bolshevik principles, unshaken firmness yet utmost flexibility in pursuing the Party line, and the remarkable qualities of Bolshevik strategy and tactics of which Lenin and Stalin proved great masters.

"Long live the mighty Bolshevik Party, long live the Leninist-Stalinist Pravda."

The statement was signed by Dimitroff, Ercoli, Manuilsky, Pieck, Kuznetsov, Marty, Grotwald, Moskvin, Florin, Wan Min, Jose Diaz, Thorez, Pollitt, Browder, Kolarov, Lensky and Kopenkin.

To the Mothers of the Dead Militia

By PABLO NERUDA

They have not died!
they stand upright in the midst of the gunpowder,
they live, burning as brands there.

In the copper-colored prairie
their pure shadows have come together
like a curtain of armored wind,
a barrier color of fury
like that same invisible breast of sky.

Mothers, they are standing amidst the corn
as tall as the profundity of noon
that possesses the giant plains.

They are a peal of sombre voices
calling for victory through the shapes of murdered steel.

Sisters as close as
the dust fallen,
hearts that have been broken
keep faith in your dead—
they are not roots only
beneath stones dyed in blood,
not only poor fallen bones
at work now in the finality of earth,
for their mouths are shaping the dry powder ready for action,
they attack in waves of iron,
in their clenched fists lies death's own contradiction.

See, from so many bodies an invincible life rises!
mothers, sons, banners,
in one single being as living as life;
one face made of all the slain eyes is guard in the darkness
with a sword that is strengthened and tempered with human hope.

Cast aside your mourning veils, join all of your tears
till they transmute into metal—
so that we may strike day and night,
so that we may hammer day and night,
so that we may spit forth day and night,
till the portals of hatred be overthrown.

I have not forgotten your tragedies
and your sons, they are known to me,
and if I have pride in their deaths
in their lives, too, I have pride.
Their smiles

are like flashes in the murk of the workshops,
and in the underground
every day their feet ring by mine. . .
I have seen
amongst the oranges of Levante
and the fishing-nets of the south,
in the ink of the printshops
and the masonry of the buildings,
I have seen
the flame of their hearts fashioned out of fire and valour.

And, as in your hearts, mothers,
in mine there is so much of death and mourning
that it seems like a forest flooded
with the blood that quenched their smiles;
to it come the furious snows of sleeplessness,
the wrenching solitude of the days.

But, beyond your curse on the hyenas
out of Africa, blood-parched, baying their foul cries,
beyond wrath and contempt, beyond tears,
Oh mothers, transcended by anguish and death,
look into the heart of the new day that is dawning
and know that your dead smile up at you from the earth,
raising their clenched fists above the corn, there, look, they are standing!

Hearty Welcome Greets WPA's 'How Long Brethren'—'Candide'

Federal Dance Theatre Breaks Red Tape to Present Long Awaited Numbers With Weidman and Tamiris

By LOUISE MITCHELL

The WPA Federal Dance Theatre tied all the administrative red tape up into a neat knot when it appeared at the Bayes Theatre Thursday evening with Tamiris' "How Long Brethren" and Weidman's "Candide." The general excellence of the production proved that the presentation has long been overdue.

In "How Long Brethren" (Pilot) Tamiris has found an excellent expression for the quality and temper of her work. She has selected some of the most typical and best known lyrics from "Negro Songs of Protest." It is an excellent composer. His play-ops. "The Second Hurricane," which was lately produced with exemplary care at the Neighborhood Playhouse, is likely to be, in decisive respects, of far-reaching importance.

On the surface, a play-ops, with interspersed spoken dialogue and singing, is a cry back to old conventions. But its large outline is flexible and appropriate for infinite purposes, and in "The Second Hurricane," Aaron Copland has made it a vehicle for the depiction of contemporary news material.

Firstly, it is a work for high school children, designed for high school production by high schools throughout the country. It requires three massed choruses—one of high school children, one of smaller children, and one of adults; a handful of soloists, and an orchestra of 20. Its singers and actors are young people from 12 to 17, and its libretto "deals with the problems of some children who attempt to do rescue work during a flood hurricane and with their development during this emergency."

It is unadmittedly informal; both for the audience which feels it is participating in the action, and for real participants, in spite of the score's fairly difficult demands. The difficulties, by the way, are in the rhythm, which once understood, is fresh and wonderfully equivalent to the libretto's colloquial language. Every note of the music is absorbing. The choruses build two climaxes, especially, which are as thrilling as anything that has been heard here in a decade. It is quite improbable that high schools will produce "The Second Hurricane"; its musical difficulties are from the start forbidding; a professional caliber orchestra is not readily available; numerous full rehearsals are not "practical," and

MUSIC

By MARTIN McCALL

It is notoriously difficult to have a large musical work produced, and only a few composers here have the opportunity. Most of these have an arid "talent," but it is fortunate that Aaron Copland, who is influential in musical-social circles, is also an excellent composer. His play-ops. "The Second Hurricane," which was lately produced with exemplary care at the Neighborhood Playhouse, is likely to be, in decisive respects, of far-reaching importance.

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Blind Optimism



Lily Verne dances with Charles Weidman in search of the best of all possible worlds in the WPA presentation of "Candide" at the Bayes Theatre. Tamiris is appearing there also in "How Long Brethren."

Rally Against War to Be Held on Mothers Day

Mothers' Peace Day Committee Calls Giant Meeting at Pythian Temple Sunday Night

"As mothers we must raise our voices against war. . . . The giant Mothers' Day Peace rally at Pythian Temple, 70th St. and Broadway, n. e. Sunday night at 8 o'clock symbolizes the change that has taken place in the observance of Mothers Day. A sentimental, commercial holiday has been turned into a day devoted to the advancing of the cause of peace.

The rally, called by the Mothers Peace Day Committee, whose headquarters are at 80 E. 11th St., has been sponsored by 62 organizations and more than 125 individuals.

Among the prominent men and women who have endorsed the Mothers Day peace rally are: Frances Perkins, U. S. Secretary of Labor; Mary Woolley, president of Mount Holyoke College; Elinore M. Herrick, National Labor Relations Board; Rose Schneiderman, Women's Trade Union League; John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church of New York; Vito Marcantonio, ex-congressman.

Among the organizations sponsoring the meeting are trade union auxiliaries, Parent-Teachers Association, mothers clubs, peace societies, the Peace Union, the National Council of Jewish Women, and the Progressive Women's Council.

The movement to change Mothers Day into a day for peace was launched a year ago, backed by 36 individuals. This year's rally was planned at a conference in which 125 delegates from 62 organizations took part.

Speakers at the Peace Day Rally will be Vito Marcantonio, Helen Holman of the American League Against War and Fascism, and Rabbi Halpern, Midwood Temple, Brooklyn.

The parade is sponsored by the Northwest Side Tenants' League. Mrs. L. Green, Secretary.

Yours very truly,
NORTHWEST SIDE
TENANTS' LEAGUE
Mrs. L. Green, Secretary.

More than 10,000 flower vendors will join to sell 25,000 carnations on Mother's Day, May 10, as part of a campaign to aid mothers and children in Spain. The flower sale, being held under the joint sponsorship of the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy and its affiliates, the Medical Bureau, and the United Youth Committee, will take place in the flower sale at Grand Central and Pennsylvania terminals.

In a statement issued today, the Reverend Herman F. Reissig, Executive Secretary of the North American Committee, stated that the committee with its fifteen affiliated organizations has chosen the Mother's Day flower sale as a means of dramatizing its national drive for funds. All receipts will be used to purchase food, clothing and medical supplies for the women and children of the Basque Catholic area of Spain, who have been so much suffering during recent weeks.

Underworld Dramatics Figure in Paramount Film

A Snatch and a Grand Note Steal the Show From the Medical Profession in "Internes Can't Take Money"—Barbara Stanwyck and Joel McCrea Featured

"INTERNES CAN'T TAKE MONEY," from a story by Max Brand; screen play by Alan James and Theodore Reeser; directed by Alfred Santell; produced for Paramount by Benjamin Glazer.

Joel McCrea Barbara Stanwyck Gaylord Ponchick
Jimmie Kildare Joel McCrea Irene Weeks Lew Brown
Hanson Lloyd Nolan Jeff Irving Bacon
Tames Stanley Ridges Dr. Pearson Barry Macollum
Perry Watkins

By David Platt

"Internes Can't Take Money" at the Paramount. Even if they make but \$10 a month for beer and cigarettes, they have to give it back. Joel McCrea, who swears by the Hippocratic oath (sometimes under his breath) is given a thousand dollar bill for an illicit job performed on an amiable killer.

But fine fellow that he is he turns it back and gets a punch in the nose from his patient for his audacity. One drink later and they're friends for life—the killer's life.

That thousand dollar bill (damn it) pops up a number of times in the course of the picture which should have been called "Find My

Today in New York

Gilbert and Sullivan's "Mikado" will be given tonight by the WPA Federal Theatre Project at the Theodore Roosevelt High School under the sponsorship of the United Parents Association. Curtain rises at 8:30.

At the Brooklyn Museum, Melvyn Pear and Nancy McKnight present a program of new dances in the Sculptor Court at three. The Ninth Biennial exhibition of Water Colors by French, German, Mexican and American artists opens to the public today and will continue on view through June 13th.

Ukrainian opera in English has its Broadway premiere tonight at 8:15 at the Venice Theatre. "Cossacks Beyond the Danube" by Simon Artemovsky will have two more performances, tomorrow at 2:30 and an evening show at 8:15.

Not The Best
It's not one of the best films. The title led us to believe we were in for another "Doctor's Diary" or something about Internes. In the beginning an Internes was fired for experimenting on a patient—a hopeless case (a glaring steal from "Eternal Mask"). But that's all. From there on most of the action takes place in a bar-room. Both the gangsters are good. McCrea and Stanwyck are themselves—means business with babies, loud talk from Barbara, soft talk from Joel, nice smiles and a happy ending.

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Your Health

By MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD

The F.T.C. Didn't Like Their Ads

OMEGA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Every subway rider is familiar with the picture of the Omega Oil man who stands around flexing his muscles without benefit of his skin. The muscles look very scientific, but the Federal Trade Commission wants the Omega Company to stop telling people that the formula for Omega Oil has been called "outstanding" by the medical profession. The F.T.C. also wants them to stop assuring weary subway riders that their oil rubbed on the skin will relieve deep-seated or stubborn pain, no matter what the cause, or that it will relieve pain within any definite period of time. We respectfully refrain from making any puns about oil and oil.

KONJOLA, INC. have promised the Federal Trade Commission that they will cease advertising their product as an effective treatment for rheumatism, neuritis, stomach trouble, digestive disturbances, skin disorders, and "nervousness."

CANDIDA ON TOUR

Katharine Cornell will give the 50th performance of her present revival of Bernard Shaw's "Candide" in the Empire Theatre tonight when she ends her New York season in order to make a seven-weeks' tour beginning in Philadelphia on Monday night.

Including her appearances in the Shavian comedy twelve years ago and her tour three years ago Miss Cornell has acted Candida over 200 times.

In Philadelphia, Chicago and Boston she will present "Candide" master and Maxwell Anderson's "The Wingless Victory" which she played 106 times in New York this winter.

Her season will end in Boston on June 19 after which she will rest until after the new year. If her plans for her contemplated world tour materialize she then will assemble her company and repertoire and make a brief tour before sailing for the Far East. If the globe trip does not prove feasible, she probably will produce a new play out of town in February. Her holiday will be spent in this country.

MOTION PICTURES

"MAGNIFICENT . . ."

It has everything
A picture you should not miss.
—N. Y. TIMES

THE LAST NIGHT

A Drama of Moscow on the Eve
of the October Revolution
4th and 5th St. E. of W. 42nd
Midnight Show Tenite

CAMEO

"KARAMAZOV"
A Great Drama Based on Dostoyevsky's
Great Book
With FRITZ ROBERT and ANNA STEN
A Living, Pulsating Drama of Love, Lust,
Greed, Passion
W. 42nd St. E. of W. 42nd
Circle 7-3787

WORLD, 49 ST.

"The Informer"
Victor
MOLAGLEN
Margot
GRANAME
A Moving drama depicting the Irish
Revolution. In it James Plating-
Rebellion—Muir and a Love that
was stronger than the Revolution!
also . . .

"SECRET AGENT"

Peter Lorne Margaret Carroll
A Fast Drama Pulsing with Action of
a Woman's Unconquerable Passion and
a Secret Agent Under Orders to
Murder the Girl He Loved!
New
Playing
LYRIC THEATRE W. 42nd St.
Two Days Only! Saturday & Sunday
May 8 and 9
Mat. 15c. Eve. 25c-35c.

NINO MARTINI

Leading Tenor of Metropolitan Opera
Co.
"THE GAY DESPERADO"
with Lee Carville and Ida Lupino
A Beautiful Sensation. She was kid-
napped by a Guy but the Dangerous Lover
who wooed her with his beautiful
Melodies!
also . . .

"MY MAN GODFREY"

A Drama of raging force of a seductive
Siren revealing her secret wiles
with which she lured men from other
women!
New
Playing
WALLACE THEATRE 42nd St.
Two Days Only! Saturday & Sunday
May 8 and 9
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EUROPA Theatre

Prize-Winning Swiss Film
NOW PLAYING
"Eternal Mask"
"Ordinary Superlatives are Redundant."
—F. NUGENT, N. Y. TIMES

OPERA

HIPPODROME OPERA

MASTERS OF THE STAGE
Tonight
GIOCONDA
at 8:15
Tomorrow Matinee at 2:15
Hansel and Gretel
TOMORROW
TOSCA
EVE. 40c-50c
PLUS 50c-77c- \$1.00 N.Y. TAX

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

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